

INSURED INSTITUTION PERFORMANCE

Full-Year 2020 Net Income Declines 36.5 Percent to \$147.9 Billion

Quarterly Net Income Increases 9.1 Percent From a Year Ago to \$59.9 Billion

Net Interest Margin Remains Unchanged From Third Quarter and at a Record Low Level

Loan Balances Decline From the Previous Quarter, Led by Lower Commercial and Industrial Lending Activity

Asset Quality Metrics Remain Stable From the Previous Quarter and a Year Ago

Full-Year 2020 Net Income Declines 36.5 Percent to \$147.9 Billion

For the 5,001 FDIC-insured commercial banks and savings institutions, full-year 2020 net income totaled \$147.9 billion, a decline of \$84.9 billion (36.5 percent) from 2019. The decline was primarily attributable to higher provision expenses in the first half of 2020 tied to pandemic-related deterioration in economic activity. Provision expenses increased by \$77.1 billion (140 percent), and net interest income declined by \$20 billion (3.7 percent). Average net interest margin (NIM) declined by 54 basis points from 2019 to 2.82 percent, as the yield on average earning assets declined at a faster rate than the cost of funds. The average return on assets (ROA) ratio declined from 1.29 percent in 2019 to 0.72 percent in 2020.

Quarterly Net Income Increases 9.1 Percent From a Year Ago to \$59.9 Billion

Fourth quarter 2020 quarterly net income totaled \$59.9 billion, an increase of \$5 billion (9.1 percent) from a year ago. The primary driver of higher net income this quarter was the reduction in provision expenses. More than half of all banks (57.4 percent) reported year-over-year increases in quarterly net income.¹ The share of unprofitable institutions remained relatively stable from a year ago at 73 percent. The average ROA ratio was 1.11 percent during fourth quarter 2020, down 8 basis points from a year ago but below a recent high of 1.41 percent in third quarter 2018.

Net Interest Margin Remains Unchanged From Third Quarter and at a Record Low Level

The banking industry reported aggregate net interest income of \$131.3 billion during the fourth quarter, a decline of \$5.4 billion (3.9 percent) from a year ago. This marks the fifth consecutive quarter that net interest income declined. Almost 43 percent of all banks reported annual declines in net interest income. The average NIM was 2.68 percent in fourth quarter 2020, unchanged from the third quarter but down 60 basis points from fourth quarter 2019. Banks of all asset size groups featured in the Quarterly Banking Profile (QBP) reported average NIM compression relative to a year ago, as the contraction in earning asset yields exceeded the decline in funding costs. At fourth quarter 2020, both earning asset yields and funding costs dropped to the lowest levels ever reported in the QBP.

¹ Industry participation counts consist of institutions existing in both reporting periods.

Chart 1

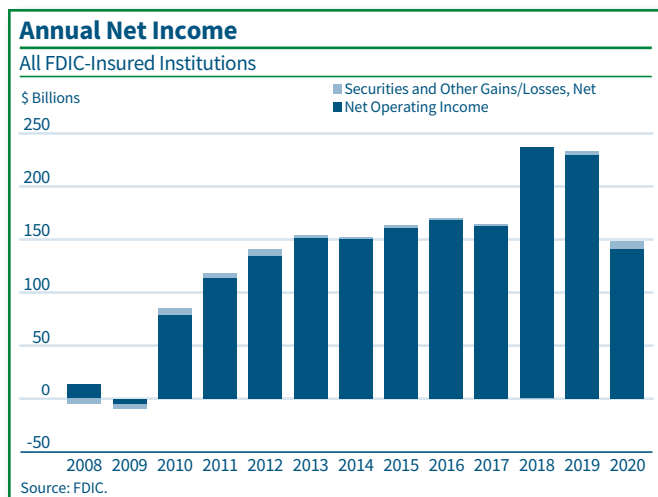
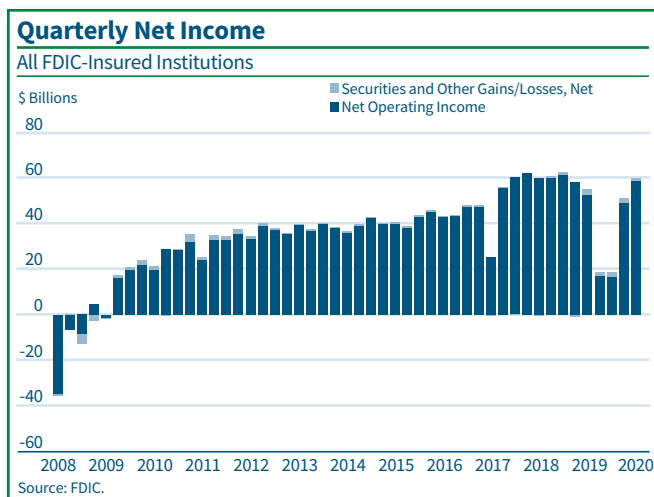


Chart 2



Noninterest Income Expands 6.5 Percent From the Year-Ago Quarter

Noninterest income rose by \$4.3 billion (6.5 percent) from a year ago, with nearly 61 percent of all banks reporting annual increases. The annual improvement in noninterest income was led by the growth in net gains on loan sales, which rose by \$3.9 billion (104 percent), and net gains on sales of other assets, which increased by \$1.6 billion. Trading revenue, which was the largest dollar contributor to the overall increase in noninterest income during second quarter 2020, declined for the second consecutive quarter and was down \$799.7 million (11 percent) from fourth quarter 2019.

Noninterest Expense Increases Almost 3 Percent From a Year Ago

Noninterest expense rose by \$3.3 billion (2.7 percent) from a year ago, as almost two-thirds of all banks (66.4 percent) reported annual increases. The rise in noninterest expense was driven by higher salary and employee benefit expenses, which expanded by \$3.7 billion (6.6 percent). The average assets per employee increased from \$9 million in fourth quarter 2019 to \$10.6 million in fourth quarter 2020.

Provisions for Credit Losses Decline to the Lowest Level Since Second Quarter 1995

With the improving economic outlook, provisions for credit losses decreased by \$11.4 billion (76.5 percent) from a year ago to \$3.5 billion, the lowest level since second quarter 1995.² The decline in provisions for credit losses was not broad-based, as less than one-third (31.2 percent) of all banks reported year-over-year declines. In the fourth quarter, 279 banks used the current expected credit losses (CECL) accounting standard and reported an aggregate \$1.4 billion in provisions for credit losses, down \$ 11.2 billion (88.9 percent) from a year ago. For non-CECL adopters, provisions for credit losses totaled \$2.1 billion, down \$ 186.6 million (8.2 percent) from a year ago.

The Net Charge-Off Rate Falls 13 Basis Points From Fourth Quarter 2019

The net charge-off rate fell by 13 basis points from fourth quarter 2019 to 0.41 percent. Net charge-offs totaled \$11.2 billion, down \$2.8 billion (19.7 percent) from a year ago. The year-over-year decline in net charge-offs was driven by the reduction in credit card loan charge offs (down \$3.4 billion, or 39.7 percent). Net charge-offs on nonfarm nonresidential (NFNR) properties increased by \$657.9 million (34.8 percent) from a year ago. The net charge-off rate for NFNR properties increased by 17 basis points from a year ago to 0.22 percent but remained below the high of 1.40 percent in fourth quarter 2010. The net charge-off rate for the commercial and industrial (C&I) loan portfolio increased by 4 basis points from a year ago to 0.47 percent, below the recent high of 0.64 percent in second quarter 2020.

² For institutions that have not adopted the CECL accounting methodology, provisions for credit losses includes only provisions for loan and lease losses. The comparison of CECL and non-CECL adopters holds constant the adopters from the most recent quarter.

Chart 3

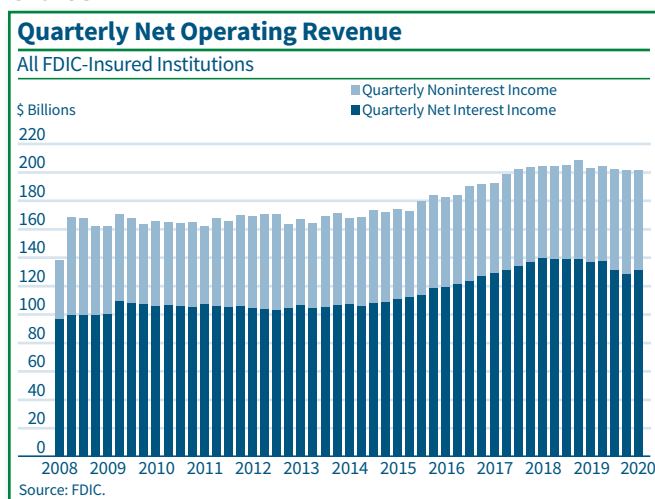
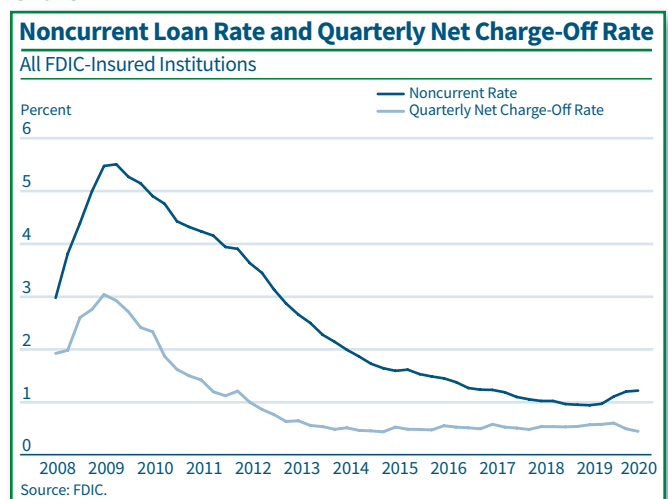


Chart 4



The Noncurrent Loan Rate Expands Modestly to 1.18 Percent

The noncurrent rate rose by 1 basis point from third quarter 2020 to 1.18 percent. Noncurrent loan balances (90 days or more past due or in nonaccrual status) increased by \$944.9 million (0.7 percent) from the previous quarter. One-third of all banks (33.3 percent) reported quarterly increases in noncurrent loan balances. The quarterly increase in noncurrent loan balances was led by NFNR properties (up \$2.1 billion, or 15.7 percent) and credit card balances (up \$1.4 billion, or 17 percent). The noncurrent rate for NFNR properties increased by 13 basis points to 1.00 percent in the fourth quarter 2020, while the noncurrent rate for credit card balances rose by 13 basis points to 1.16 percent.

Total Assets Increase 3.1 Percent From the Previous Quarter

Total assets increased by \$664 billion (3.1 percent) from third quarter 2020. The banking industry’s liquidity position continued to strengthen. Cash and balances due from depository institutions rose by \$357 billion (12.6 percent), and security holdings posted a record high quarterly dollar increase of \$321.4 billion (6.7 percent). Mortgage-backed securities increased by \$244.9 billion (8.8 percent).

Loan Balances Decline From the Previous Quarter, Led by Lower Commercial and Industrial Lending Activity

Total loan and lease balances totaled \$10.9 trillion in fourth quarter 2020, \$47.7 billion (0.4 percent) less than third quarter 2020. The quarterly decline in total loan and leases balances was led by the C&I loan portfolio, which fell by \$103.8 billion (4.1 percent). Small Business Administration-guaranteed Paycheck Protection Program loans declined by \$83.9 billion (17.1 percent) from the previous quarter. The decline in the C&I loan portfolio was partially offset by increases in loans to nondepository financial institutions (up \$30.2 billion, or 5.5 percent) and credit card balances (up \$25.6 billion, or 3.2 percent). Total loan and lease balances increased by \$345 billion (3.3 percent) from a year ago, the lowest annual growth rate since fourth quarter 2013. The annual increase in total loan and lease balances was driven by the C&I loan portfolio, which rose by \$232.8 billion (10.6 percent), primarily in the first half of 2020.

Chart 5

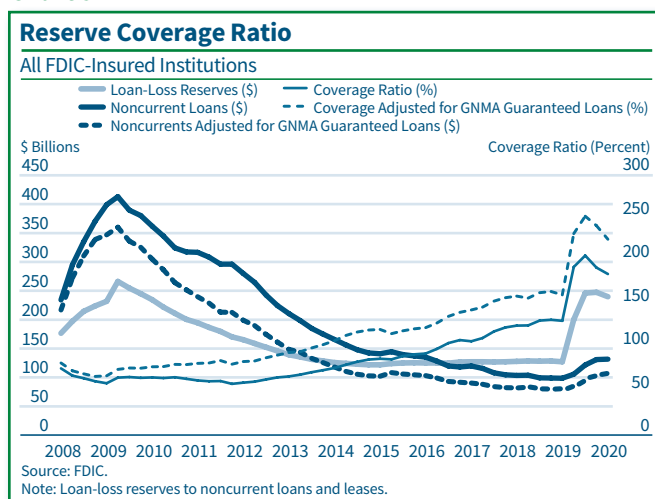
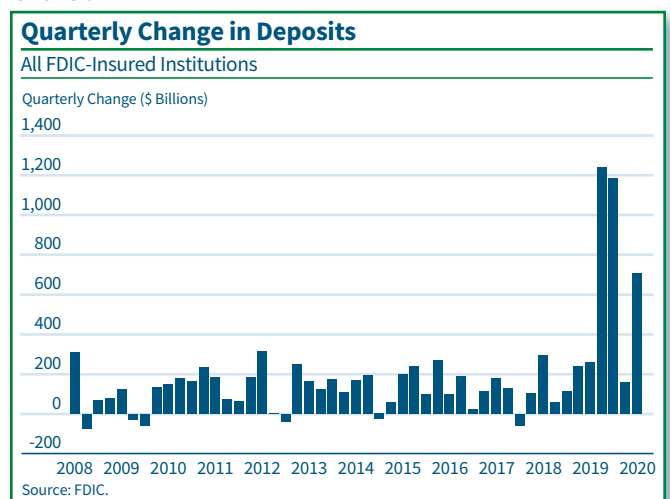


Chart 6



**Deposits Increase
4.1 Percent From
Third Quarter 2020**

Total deposit balances rose by \$706.9 billion (4.1 percent) between the third and fourth quarters of 2020. While the quarterly growth in deposits is below the levels reported in the first half of 2020, it is the third largest quarterly dollar increase ever reported in the QBP. Interest-bearing account balances rose by \$399.2 billion (3.5 percent), and noninterest-bearing account balances expanded by \$220.5 billion (5 percent). Deposits in accounts with balances larger than \$250,000 increased by \$467.5 billion (5.4 percent) from the previous quarter. Nondeposit liabilities fell by \$124.2 billion (11.1 percent) from the previous quarter, led by Federal Home Loan Bank advances that declined by \$48.5 billion (15.9 percent)³

**Equity Capital Increases
Almost 2 Percent From
the Previous Quarter**

Equity capital totaled \$2.2 trillion in fourth quarter 2020, up \$41.9 billion (1.9 percent) from the previous quarter. Declared dividends totaled \$21.8 billion, down \$27.4 billion (55.7 percent) from fourth quarter 2019. Seven insured institutions with \$498.4 million in total assets were below the requirements for the well-capitalized category as defined for Prompt Corrective Action.

**Three New Banks Open
in Fourth Quarter 2020**

The number of FDIC-insured commercial banks and savings institutions that filed quarterly Call Reports declined from 5,033 in third quarter 2020 to 5,001 in fourth quarter 2020. Three new banks were added, 31 institutions were absorbed by mergers, two banks failed, one bank sold most of its assets to a credit union, and one bank did not file in time for this analysis. For full-year 2020, six new banks were added, 168 institutions were absorbed by mergers, and four banks failed. The number of institutions on the FDIC’s “Problem Bank List” remained unchanged from the previous quarter at 56. Total assets of problem banks increased from \$53.9 billion in third quarter 2020 to \$55.8 billion in fourth quarter 2020.

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³ Nondeposit liabilities include federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements, Federal Home Loan Bank advances, and secured and unsecured borrowings.

Chart 7

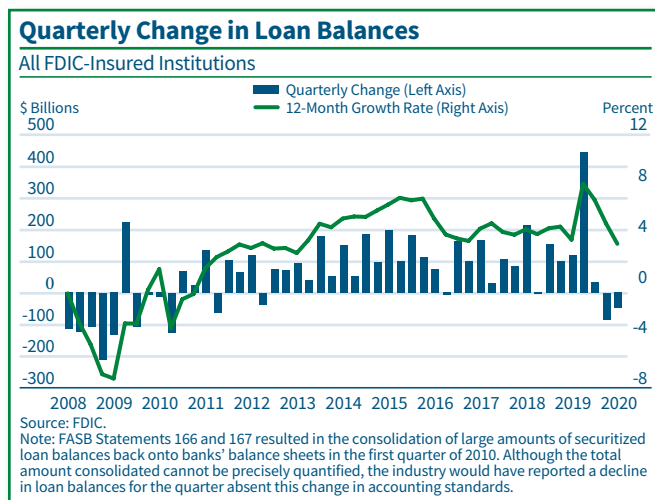


Chart 8

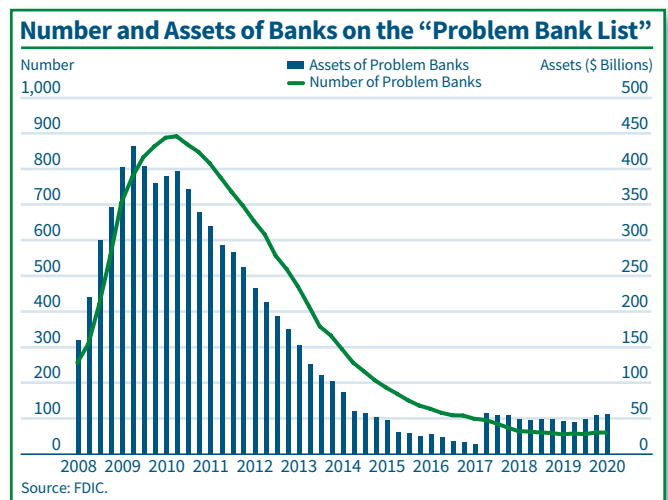


TABLE I-A. Selected Indicators, All FDIC-Insured Institutions*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Return on assets (%)	0.72	1.29	1.35	0.97	1.04	1.04	1.01
Return on equity (%)	6.88	11.38	11.98	8.60	9.27	9.29	9.01
Core capital (leverage) ratio (%)	8.81	9.66	9.70	9.63	9.48	9.59	9.44
Noncurrent assets plus other real estate owned to assets (%)	0.61	0.55	0.60	0.73	0.86	0.97	1.20
Net charge-offs to loans (%)	0.50	0.52	0.48	0.50	0.47	0.44	0.49
Asset growth rate (%)	17.37	3.91	3.03	3.79	5.09	2.66	5.59
Net interest margin (%)	2.82	3.36	3.40	3.25	3.13	3.08	3.14
Net operating income growth (%)	-38.45	-3.14	45.45	-3.27	4.43	7.11	-0.73
Number of institutions reporting	5,001	5,177	5,406	5,670	5,913	6,182	6,509
Commercial banks	4,374	4,518	4,715	4,918	5,112	5,338	5,607
Savings institutions	627	659	691	752	801	844	902
Percentage of unprofitable institutions (%)	4.58	3.75	3.44	5.61	4.48	4.82	6.27
Number of problem institutions	56	51	60	95	123	183	291
Assets of problem institutions (in billions)	\$56	\$46	\$48	\$14	\$28	\$47	\$87
Number of failed institutions	4	4	0	8	5	8	18

* Excludes insured branches of foreign banks (IBAs).

TABLE II-A. Aggregate Condition and Income Data, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

(dollar figures in millions)	4th Quarter 2020	3rd Quarter 2020	4th Quarter 2019	%Change 19Q4-20Q4
Number of institutions reporting	5,001	5,033	5,177	-3.4
Total employees (full-time equivalent)	2,065,525	2,071,908	2,063,268	0.1
CONDITION DATA				
Total assets	\$21,883,869	\$21,219,916	\$18,645,330	17.4
Loans secured by real estate	5,118,033	5,144,687	5,048,568	1.4
1-4 Family residential mortgages	2,210,640	2,240,707	2,201,736	0.4
Nonfarm nonresidential	1,568,619	1,556,563	1,516,183	3.5
Construction and development	385,933	386,048	361,606	6.7
Home equity lines	300,312	312,896	342,067	-12.2
Commercial & industrial loans	2,434,985	2,538,826	2,202,146	10.6
Loans to individuals	1,744,130	1,709,867	1,837,455	-5.1
Credit cards	822,030	796,450	941,557	-12.7
Farm loans	71,762	76,778	78,733	-8.9
Other loans & leases	1,497,421	1,444,302	1,353,606	10.6
Less: Unearned income	3,196	3,623	2,337	36.7
Total loans & leases	10,863,135	10,910,837	10,518,171	3.3
Less: Reserve for losses*	236,601	244,266	123,929	90.9
Net loans and leases	10,626,535	10,666,571	10,394,242	2.2
Securities**	5,112,383	4,790,964	3,981,633	28.4
Other real estate owned	4,629	4,548	5,709	-18.9
Goodwill and other intangibles	387,112	385,497	408,838	-5.3
All other assets	5,753,210	5,372,337	3,854,907	49.2
Total liabilities and capital	21,883,869	21,219,916	18,645,330	17.4
Deposits	17,823,558	17,116,653	14,535,278	22.6
Domestic office deposits	16,289,739	15,670,039	13,219,964	23.2
Foreign office deposits	1,533,819	1,446,614	1,315,315	16.6
Other borrowed funds	1,091,678	1,207,451	1,373,909	-20.5
Subordinated debt	68,241	68,489	69,952	-2.4
All other liabilities	672,673	641,587	552,527	21.7
Total equity capital (includes minority interests)	2,227,720	2,185,736	2,113,663	5.4
Bank equity capital	2,225,125	2,183,178	2,110,782	5.4
Loans and leases 30-89 days past due	63,218	58,404	67,593	-6.5
Noncurrent loans and leases	128,517	127,572	95,413	34.7
Restructured loans and leases	49,327	49,654	48,286	2.2
Mortgage-backed securities	3,043,764	2,798,839	2,393,831	27.2
Earning assets	19,919,557	19,320,676	16,871,072	18.1
FHLB Advances	255,967	304,509	482,460	-46.9
Unused loan commitments	8,444,077	8,412,039	8,226,136	2.6
Trust assets	18,907,444	17,775,687	21,562,169	-12.3
Assets securitized and sold	480,364	505,520	568,015	-15.4
Notional amount of derivatives	165,712,669	181,124,600	173,052,331	-4.2
INCOME DATA				
Total interest income	\$603,744	\$705,400	\$143,329	-17.5
Total interest expense	77,099	158,731	11,980	-67.5
Net interest income	526,645	546,669	131,349	-4.0
Provision for credit losses***	132,229	55,101	3,503	-76.5
Total noninterest income	280,242	264,374	70,304	6.5
Total noninterest expense	498,154	466,149	125,049	2.7
Securities gains (losses)	8,146	3,977	1,518	-47.7
Applicable income taxes	36,443	60,926	14,656	4.6
Extraordinary gains, net****	-101	164	9	N/M
Total net income (includes minority interests)	148,107	233,008	59,972	9.1
Bank net income	147,870	232,772	59,909	9.1
Net charge-offs	54,105	52,165	11,222	-19.7
Cash dividends	84,022	182,407	21,799	-55.7
Retained earnings	63,847	50,365	38,110	571.0
Net operating income	141,340	229,633	58,581	11.3

* For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment and allocated transfer risk.

** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, securities are reported net of allowances for credit losses.

*** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

**** See Notes to Users for explanation.

N/M - Not Meaningful

TABLE III-A. Full Year 2020, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

FULL YEAR (The way it is...)	All Insured Institutions	Asset Concentration Groups*									
		Credit Card Banks	International Banks	Agricultural Banks	Commercial Lenders	Mortgage Lenders	Consumer Lenders	Other Specialized <\$1 Billion	All Other <\$1 Billion	All Other >\$1 Billion	
Number of institutions reporting	5,001	11	5	1,163	2,667	290	36	276	486	67	
Commercial banks	4,374	10	5	1,152	2,403	75	24	250	399	56	
Savings institutions	627	1	0	11	264	215	12	26	87	11	
Total assets (in billions)	\$21,883.9	\$492.6	\$5,554.1	\$287.8	\$7,591.9	\$683.6	\$144.8	\$51.5	\$105.8	\$6,971.9	
Commercial banks	20,505.9	407.3	5,554.1	282.6	7,136.4	80.7	138.7	46.7	84.1	6,775.5	
Savings institutions	1,377.9	85.3	0.0	5.2	455.5	602.9	6.0	4.8	21.8	196.4	
Total deposits (in billions)	17,823.6	349.0	4,270.5	242.5	6,251.3	603.1	123.1	41.9	90.0	5,852.1	
Commercial banks	16,684.2	283.2	4,270.5	239.3	5,900.1	67.7	118.0	38.7	72.3	5,694.4	
Savings institutions	1,139.3	65.8	0.0	3.2	351.3	535.3	5.2	3.2	17.7	157.7	
Bank net income (in millions)	147,870	9,710	36,213	3,502	53,043	5,489	2,118	1,241	1,083	35,471	
Commercial banks	137,137	8,281	36,213	3,340	49,277	1,118	2,068	454	954	35,431	
Savings institutions	10,733	1,429	0	162	3,766	4,372	49	787	129	40	
Performance Ratios (%)											
Yield on earning assets	3.24	11.24	2.51	4.22	3.63	2.10	3.96	2.95	3.87	2.77	
Cost of funding earning assets	0.41	1.51	0.29	0.67	0.47	0.25	0.84	0.38	0.53	0.35	
Net interest margin	2.82	9.73	2.22	3.54	3.16	1.84	3.11	2.57	3.34	2.42	
Noninterest income to assets	1.36	4.36	1.69	0.68	1.07	1.00	0.44	4.70	1.25	1.25	
Noninterest expense to assets	2.42	6.44	2.19	2.40	2.54	1.54	1.05	3.97	3.03	2.25	
Credit loss provision to assets**	0.64	4.75	0.60	0.18	0.51	0.08	0.32	0.09	0.13	0.60	
Net operating income to assets	0.69	1.92	0.67	1.25	0.71	0.92	1.57	2.46	1.07	0.50	
Pretax return on assets	0.90	2.44	0.89	1.46	0.94	1.18	2.13	3.18	1.24	0.64	
Return on assets	0.72	1.92	0.70	1.30	0.74	0.93	1.59	2.59	1.10	0.54	
Return on equity	6.88	16.09	7.66	11.15	6.44	10.56	16.46	16.19	8.98	5.25	
Net charge-offs to loans and leases	0.50	3.73	0.69	0.14	0.25	0.05	0.52	0.19	0.07	0.43	
Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs	243.45	162.41	258.82	194.46	292.93	615.93	83.46	158.97	311.91	276.63	
Efficiency ratio	59.78	46.80	59.73	59.75	59.91	55.11	30.28	55.84	69.19	64.39	
% of unprofitable institutions	4.58	27.27	0.00	2.58	4.31	10.00	8.33	8.33	4.73	4.48	
% of institutions with earnings gains	53.15	27.27	20.00	50.13	58.12	44.83	61.11	34.78	50.21	43.28	
Condition Ratios (%)											
Earning assets to total assets	91.02	94.81	88.60	93.39	91.34	97.37	97.56	93.03	93.45	91.44	
Loss allowance to:											
Loans and leases	2.18	9.79	2.90	1.48	1.52	0.84	1.76	1.59	1.28	2.03	
Noncurrent loans and leases	184.10	838.76	254.94	147.94	141.01	81.22	499.26	158.01	149.16	142.29	
Noncurrent assets plus other real estate owned to assets	0.61	0.92	0.38	0.69	0.76	0.26	0.26	0.34	0.56	0.66	
Equity capital ratio	10.17	12.61	8.93	11.37	11.23	8.40	9.21	15.79	11.83	9.91	
Core capital (leverage) ratio	8.81	13.63	7.95	10.66	9.38	7.80	9.86	14.71	11.37	8.45	
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio***	13.87	17.38	15.02	14.46	12.42	21.42	20.91	34.55	19.24	13.92	
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio***	13.96	17.54	15.10	14.46	12.53	21.42	21.02	34.55	19.26	13.99	
Total risk-based capital ratio***	15.48	19.44	16.49	15.61	14.03	21.85	21.80	35.43	20.32	15.67	
Net loans and leases to deposits	59.62	99.89	40.02	71.85	79.09	27.12	83.01	32.72	63.58	53.21	
Net loans to total assets	48.56	70.78	30.77	60.56	65.12	23.92	70.62	26.64	54.05	44.66	
Domestic deposits to total assets	74.44	67.96	53.14	84.29	82.12	88.05	85.05	81.41	85.01	81.32	
Structural Changes											
New reporters	6	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	
Institutions absorbed by mergers	168	1	0	27	131	4	0	0	2	3	
Failed institutions	4	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	
PRIOR FULL YEARS (The way it was...)											
Number of institutions	2019	5,177	12	5	1,291	2,733	393	58	210	428	47
	2017	5,670	11	5	1,389	2,944	420	59	272	510	60
	2015	6,182	14	4	1,479	3,089	500	65	332	632	67
Total assets (in billions)	2019	\$18,645.3	\$530.8	\$4,481.1	\$283.6	\$6,735.8	\$392.7	\$230.7	\$38.3	\$76.3	\$5,876.2
	2017	17,415.4	562.7	4,196.0	282.6	6,026.0	349.2	270.9	46.9	88.8	5,592.2
	2015	15,967.7	549.1	3,774.6	277.6	5,892.1	385.4	187.3	57.5	113.9	4,730.3
Return on assets (%)	2019	1.29	3.27	1.23	1.33	1.18	1.20	1.21	3.56	1.17	1.27
	2017	0.97	1.52	0.62	1.05	1.02	0.93	1.02	2.61	0.91	1.10
	2015	1.04	2.84	0.87	0.96	0.95	0.83	1.04	2.69	0.91	1.12
Net charge-offs to loans & leases (%)	2019	0.52	4.15	0.72	0.18	0.20	0.03	0.82	0.17	0.13	0.39
	2017	0.50	3.95	0.56	0.16	0.21	0.04	0.60	0.23	0.15	0.43
	2015	0.44	2.79	0.59	0.10	0.20	0.13	0.62	0.20	0.20	0.41
Noncurrent assets plus OREO to assets (%)	2019	0.55	1.39	0.33	0.81	0.60	1.18	0.48	0.45	0.62	0.52
	2017	0.73	1.25	0.51	0.77	0.70	1.70	0.36	0.59	0.81	0.82
	2015	0.97	0.90	0.71	0.68	0.93	1.92	0.97	0.61	1.19	1.16
Equity capital ratio (%)	2019	11.32	12.81	10.20	11.85	12.27	10.94	10.41	18.48	12.79	10.93
	2017	11.22	15.10	9.83	11.18	11.95	11.21	10.00	15.26	11.94	11.09
	2015	11.24	14.29	10.13	11.32	11.76	11.36	10.12	15.04	11.80	11.08

* See Table V-A (page 10) for explanations.

** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

*** Beginning March 2020, does not include institutions that have a Community Bank Leverage Ratio election in effect at the report date.

TABLE III-A. Full Year 2020, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

FULL YEAR (The way it is...)	All Insured Institutions	Asset Size Distribution					Geographic Regions*						
		Less Than \$100 Million	\$100 Million to \$1 Billion	\$1 Billion to \$5 Billion	\$5 Billion to \$250 Billion	Greater Than \$250 Billion	New York	Atlanta	Chicago	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco	
Number of institutions reporting	5,001	944	3,130	776	138	13	593	569	1,069	1,292	1,107	371	
Commercial banks	4,374	826	2,769	644	123	12	308	517	922	1,252	1,038	337	
Savings institutions	627	118	361	132	15	1	285	52	147	40	69	34	
Total assets (in billions)	\$21,883.9	\$57.0	\$1,101.5	\$2,069.5	\$6,359.2	\$12,296.7	\$4,015.4	\$4,485.2	\$5,206.1	\$4,148.8	\$1,792.3	\$2,236.0	
Commercial banks	20,505.9	50.1	959.5	1,726.9	5,814.7	11,954.6	3,596.5	4,360.6	5,108.7	4,110.6	1,241.5	2,088.1	
Savings institutions	1,377.9	6.9	142.0	342.5	544.5	342.0	418.9	124.7	97.4	38.2	550.8	147.9	
Total deposits (in billions)	17,823.6	47.5	926.2	1,703.8	5,226.2	9,919.9	3,304.6	3,718.1	4,041.0	3,366.6	1,529.7	1,863.6	
Commercial banks	16,684.2	42.2	812.1	1,428.9	4,798.8	9,602.1	2,977.3	3,617.6	3,971.4	3,335.8	1,038.1	1,744.1	
Savings institutions	1,139.3	5.3	114.1	274.9	427.3	317.8	327.4	100.5	69.6	30.7	491.6	119.5	
Bank net income (in millions)	147,870	457	12,519	21,324	42,742	70,828	23,961	24,728	41,818	19,938	15,831	21,594	
Commercial banks	137,137	422	10,691	18,281	39,477	68,266	20,892	24,987	39,720	19,518	12,562	19,459	
Savings institutions	10,733	35	1,828	3,043	3,265	2,562	3,069	-259	2,098	420	3,270	2,135	
Performance Ratios (%)													
Yield on earning assets	3.24	4.05	4.12	3.99	3.92	2.65	3.15	3.25	2.79	3.21	3.42	4.25	
Cost of funding earning assets	0.41	0.61	0.63	0.58	0.55	0.29	0.50	0.36	0.30	0.41	0.38	0.64	
Net interest margin	2.82	3.43	3.49	3.41	3.37	2.36	2.65	2.88	2.49	2.80	3.05	3.61	
Noninterest income to assets	1.36	1.42	1.33	1.30	1.32	1.40	1.21	1.21	1.76	1.14	1.10	1.65	
Noninterest expense to assets	2.42	3.55	3.01	2.71	2.65	2.20	2.23	2.42	2.37	2.44	2.40	2.86	
Credit loss provision to assets**	0.64	0.12	0.23	0.43	0.86	0.61	0.60	0.69	0.55	0.74	0.41	0.84	
Net operating income to assets	0.69	0.81	1.17	1.07	0.69	0.58	0.62	0.56	0.84	0.44	0.95	0.99	
Pretax return on assets	0.90	0.96	1.41	1.38	0.95	0.74	0.79	0.74	1.10	0.56	1.17	1.38	
Return on assets	0.72	0.84	1.21	1.11	0.72	0.61	0.63	0.59	0.87	0.49	0.98	1.03	
Return on equity	6.88	6.12	10.45	9.91	6.40	6.22	5.84	5.27	8.75	5.03	9.33	9.58	
Net charge-offs to loans and leases	0.50	0.13	0.12	0.22	0.66	0.51	0.48	0.54	0.41	0.53	0.31	0.70	
Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs	243.45	165.57	284.82	282.17	205.34	275.34	237.30	238.97	280.74	276.05	252.77	180.23	
Efficiency ratio	59.78	77.19	65.18	59.75	54.99	62.16	59.45	60.31	59.16	65.24	60.38	52.53	
% of unprofitable institutions	4.58	11.23	3.00	1.80	10.87	0.00	6.75	7.73	4.12	2.40	4.07	6.74	
% of institutions with earnings gains	53.15	39.62	58.31	54.77	23.19	15.38	46.37	47.10	59.59	57.12	50.05	50.13	
Condition Ratios (%)													
Earning assets to total assets	91.02	91.91	93.64	93.05	92.36	89.75	90.92	90.49	90.02	90.24	93.72	93.91	
Loss allowance to:													
Loans and leases	2.18	1.43	1.35	1.40	2.35	2.39	2.00	2.30	2.17	2.37	1.46	2.45	
Noncurrent loans and leases	184.10	126.72	169.97	168.55	177.78	194.23	173.41	215.52	198.05	168.85	71.15	351.43	
Noncurrent assets plus other real estate owned to assets	0.61	0.74	0.60	0.64	0.83	0.50	0.60	0.55	0.52	0.70	1.07	0.48	
Equity capital ratio	10.17	13.42	11.27	10.95	10.85	9.57	10.50	10.78	9.59	9.80	10.08	10.44	
Core capital (leverage) ratio	8.81	13.02	10.87	10.20	9.47	8.04	9.04	8.60	8.38	8.86	8.66	9.88	
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio***	13.87	22.31	15.91	14.21	13.59	13.83	13.78	13.56	14.02	13.76	13.93	14.45	
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio***	13.96	22.31	15.93	14.23	13.79	13.87	13.86	13.66	14.08	13.85	14.04	14.61	
Total risk-based capital ratio**	15.48	23.37	17.06	15.38	15.27	15.50	15.37	15.16	15.49	15.74	15.23	15.93	
Net loans and leases to deposits	59.62	63.97	74.89	80.97	72.65	47.65	60.49	58.06	55.85	58.07	57.32	74.06	
Net loans to total assets	48.56	53.26	62.97	66.66	59.70	38.44	49.78	48.13	43.35	47.12	48.93	61.72	
Domestic deposits to total assets	74.44	83.26	84.08	82.22	80.1	69.29	76.48	80.34	68.02	65.32	85.32	82.08	
Structural Changes													
New reporters	6	4	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	
Institutions absorbed by mergers	168	42	107	17	2	0	35	16	36	35	39	7	
Failed institutions	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	
PRIOR FULL YEARS (The way it was...)													
Number of institutions	2019	5,177	1,156	3,225	656	130	10	625	587	1,118	1,330	1,138	379
	2017	5,670	1,407	3,513	627	114	9	693	668	1,214	1,438	1,235	422
	2015	6,182	1,688	3,792	595	99	8	762	762	1,337	1,543	1,307	471
Total assets (in billions)	2019	\$18,645.3	\$68.6	\$1,087.9	\$1,753.9	\$6,071.6	\$9,663.4	\$3,407.7	\$3,847.5	\$4,235.2	\$3,796.7	\$1,204.6	\$2,153.7
	2017	17,415.4	83.7	1,154.2	1,751.7	5,699.2	8,726.7	3,248.1	3,601.0	3,918.1	3,683.2	1,090.0	1,875.1
	2015	15,967.7	99.2	1,199.9	1,682.4	5,163.6	7,822.6	3,074.1	3,372.6	3,503.7	3,444.0	943.1	1,630.3
Return on assets (%)	2019	1.29	1.01	1.29	1.30	1.35	1.26	1.09	1.29	1.34	1.20	1.32	1.66
	2017	0.97	0.83	1.04	1.05	1.04	0.89	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.76	1.12	1.36
	2015	1.04	0.84	1.07	1.10	1.02	1.05	0.87	1.03	0.96	1.16	1.09	1.31
Net charge-offs to loans & leases (%)	2019	0.52	0.21	0.14	0.21	0.70	0.51	0.48	0.58	0.42	0.53	0.24	0.78
	2017	0.50	0.21	0.15	0.22	0.71	0.47	0.58	0.61	0.27	0.51	0.28	0.67
	2015	0.44	0.19	0.16	0.21	0.56	0.48	0.48	0.50	0.27	0.52	0.24	0.52
Noncurrent assets plus OREO to assets (%)	2019	0.55	0.94	0.70	0.57	0.62	0.48	0.51	0.57	0.49	0.61	0.84	0.42
	2017	0.73	1.01	0.83	0.66	0.70	0.74	0.65	0.83	0.67	0.86	0.81	0.45
	2015	0.97	1.25	1.12	0.93	0.75	1.09	0.75	1.15	0.94	1.19	1.04	0.53
Equity capital ratio (%)	2019	11.32	14.27	12.01	12.03	11.86	10.76	11.83	12.23	10.89	10.24	12.16	11.15
	2017	11.22	13.01	11.29	11.82	12.13	10.47	12.34	12.06	10.42	9.99	11.49	11.58
	2015	11.24	12.55	11.25	11.69	12.02	10.60	11.78	12.22	10.50	10.22	11.04	12.03

* See Table V-A (page 11) for explanations.

** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

*** Beginning March 2020, does not include institutions that have a Community Bank Leverage Ratio election in effect at the report date.

TABLE IV-A. Fourth Quarter 2020, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

FOURTH QUARTER (The way it is...)	All Insured Institutions	Asset Concentration Groups*									
		Credit Card Banks	International Banks	Agricultural Banks	Commercial Lenders	Mortgage Lenders	Consumer Lenders	Other Specialized <\$1 Billion	All Other <\$1 Billion	All Other >\$1 Billion	
Number of institutions reporting	5,001	11	5	1,163	2,667	290	36	276	486	67	
Commercial banks	4,374	10	5	1,152	2,403	75	24	250	399	56	
Savings institutions	627	1	0	11	264	215	12	26	87	11	
Total assets (in billions)	\$21,883.9	\$492.6	\$5,554.1	\$287.8	\$7,591.9	\$683.6	\$144.8	\$51.5	\$105.8	\$6,971.9	
Commercial banks	20,505.9	407.3	5,554.1	282.6	7,136.4	80.7	138.7	46.7	84.1	6,775.5	
Savings institutions	1,377.9	85.3	0.0	5.2	455.5	602.9	6.0	4.8	21.8	196.4	
Total deposits (in billions)	17,823.6	349.0	4,270.5	242.5	6,251.3	603.1	123.1	41.9	90.0	5,852.1	
Commercial banks	16,684.2	283.2	4,270.5	239.3	5,900.1	67.7	118.0	38.7	72.3	5,694.4	
Savings institutions	1,139.3	65.8	0.0	3.2	351.3	535.3	5.2	3.2	17.7	157.7	
Bank net income (in millions)	59,909	5,625	14,241	826	21,931	1,492	817	336	273	14,369	
Commercial banks	56,234	4,926	14,241	777	20,609	311	802	76	233	14,260	
Savings institutions	3,675	699	0	49	1,323	1,181	15	260	40	109	
Performance Ratios (annualized, %)											
Yield on earning assets	2.92	10.91	2.15	3.91	3.39	1.90	3.68	2.65	3.59	2.44	
Cost of funding earning assets	0.24	1.17	0.13	0.53	0.30	0.19	0.64	0.29	0.43	0.18	
Net interest margin	2.68	9.74	2.02	3.38	3.09	1.72	3.04	2.36	3.16	2.26	
Noninterest income to assets	1.31	4.71	1.51	0.72	1.10	1.04	0.25	5.22	1.38	1.16	
Noninterest expense to assets	2.32	6.85	2.04	2.45	2.39	1.58	1.00	4.19	3.09	2.20	
Credit loss provision to assets**	0.07	1.50	-0.08	0.15	0.12	0.06	-0.87	0.11	0.12	0.04	
Net operating income to assets	1.09	4.49	1.03	1.13	1.14	0.87	2.31	2.50	0.99	0.81	
Pretax return on assets	1.38	5.62	1.36	1.31	1.45	1.13	3.10	3.31	1.19	1.00	
Return on assets	1.11	4.49	1.05	1.16	1.17	0.91	2.34	2.66	1.05	0.84	
Return on equity	10.87	37.30	11.65	10.15	10.37	10.60	25.24	16.60	8.76	8.37	
Net charge-offs to loans and leases	0.41	2.78	0.52	0.18	0.24	0.06	0.45	0.17	0.09	0.37	
Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs	32.02	70.84	-47.01	136.91	71.17	367.12	-261.65	227.40	237.06	22.08	
Efficiency ratio	61.42	48.65	61.48	62.77	59.95	58.01	31.10	56.17	71.14	68.07	
% of unprofitable institutions	7.26	0.00	0.00	8.51	5.10	11.03	5.56	18.12	8.44	4.48	
% of institutions with earnings gains	57.45	81.82	40.00	45.83	66.59	54.14	63.89	37.68	47.53	56.72	
Structural Changes											
New reporters	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	
Institutions absorbed by mergers	31	0	0	4	25	1	0	0	0	1	
Failed institutions	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
PRIOR FOURTH QUARTERS (The way it was...)											
Return on assets (%)	2019	1.19	3.17	1.18	1.27	1.13	1.20	0.54	4.48	1.07	1.09
	2017	0.58	-0.04	-0.43	0.48	0.90	0.65	0.69	2.86	0.78	1.04
	2015	1.02	2.66	0.83	1.12	0.90	0.89	0.81	3.43	2.14	1.12
Net charge-offs to loans & leases (%)	2019	0.54	4.07	0.76	0.25	0.23	0.05	0.87	0.36	0.18	0.42
	2017	0.55	4.18	0.56	0.24	0.23	0.06	0.62	0.36	0.18	0.51
	2015	0.49	3.01	0.68	0.17	0.24	0.10	0.71	0.32	0.21	0.44

* See Table V-A (page 10) for explanations.

** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

TABLE IV-A. Fourth Quarter 2020, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

FOURTH QUARTER (The way it is...)	All Insured Institutions	Asset Size Distribution					Geographic Regions*					
		Less Than \$100 Million	\$100 Million to \$1 Billion	\$1 Billion to \$10 Billion	\$10 Billion to \$250 Billion	Greater Than \$250 Billion	New York	Atlanta	Chicago	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco
Number of institutions reporting	5,001	944	3,130	776	138	13	593	569	1,069	1,292	1,107	371
Commercial banks	4,374	826	2,769	644	123	12	308	517	922	1,252	1,038	337
Savings institutions	627	118	361	132	15	1	285	52	147	40	69	34
Total assets (in billions)	\$21,883.9	\$57.0	\$1,101.5	\$2,069.5	\$6,359.2	\$12,296.7	\$4,015.4	\$4,485.2	\$5,206.1	\$4,148.8	\$1,792.3	\$2,236.0
Commercial banks	20,505.9	50.1	959.5	1,726.9	5,814.7	11,954.6	3,596.5	4,360.6	5,108.7	4,110.6	1,241.5	2,088.1
Savings institutions	1,377.9	6.9	142.0	342.5	544.5	342.0	418.9	124.7	97.4	38.2	550.8	147.9
Total deposits (in billions)	17,823.6	47.5	926.2	1,703.8	5,226.2	9,919.9	3,304.6	3,718.1	4,041.0	3,366.6	1,529.7	1,863.6
Commercial banks	16,684.2	42.2	812.1	1,428.9	4,798.8	9,602.1	2,977.3	3,617.6	3,971.4	3,335.8	1,038.1	1,744.1
Savings institutions	1,139.3	5.3	114.1	274.9	427.3	317.8	327.4	100.5	69.6	30.7	491.6	119.5
Bank net income (in millions)	59,909	92	3,358	6,637	21,494	28,328	9,176	11,936	15,868	9,097	4,649	9,183
Commercial banks	56,234	82	2,771	5,586	20,096	27,699	8,043	11,838	15,203	8,985	3,874	8,291
Savings institutions	3,675	10	588	1,051	1,398	629	1,133	99	664	112	774	893
Performance Ratios (annualized, %)												
Yield on earning assets	2.92	3.77	3.89	3.78	3.62	2.30	2.86	2.94	2.48	2.87	3.13	3.92
Cost of funding earning assets	0.24	0.50	0.49	0.41	0.35	0.13	0.31	0.21	0.15	0.23	0.26	0.42
Net interest margin	2.68	3.27	3.40	3.36	3.27	2.17	2.55	2.73	2.33	2.64	2.87	3.50
Noninterest income to assets	1.31	1.47	1.44	1.37	1.31	1.28	1.16	1.18	1.66	1.05	1.02	1.69
Noninterest expense to assets	2.32	3.66	3.05	2.72	2.47	2.10	2.18	2.29	2.22	2.41	2.34	2.70
Credit loss provision to assets**	0.07	0.13	0.19	0.25	0.14	-0.02	0.19	0.05	-0.05	0.03	0.10	0.17
Net operating income to assets	1.09	0.61	1.19	1.22	1.36	0.92	0.90	1.07	1.23	0.83	1.05	1.64
Pretax return on assets	1.38	0.74	1.43	1.61	1.73	1.16	1.15	1.32	1.60	1.04	1.28	2.15
Return on assets	1.11	0.65	1.23	1.30	1.37	0.94	0.93	1.08	1.24	0.88	1.06	1.67
Return on equity	10.87	4.79	10.85	11.87	12.59	9.72	8.76	9.99	12.85	9.03	10.39	15.92
Net charge-offs to loans and leases	0.41	0.15	0.15	0.24	0.52	0.42	0.42	0.41	0.37	0.41	0.25	0.58
Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs	32.02	148.92	196.91	155.25	44.55	-9.45	84.48	26.78	-26.74	17.70	76.59	45.34
Efficiency ratio	61.42	81.53	65.82	59.82	56.41	64.59	61.69	62.11	58.61	69.95	62.54	53.32
% of unprofitable institutions	7.26	20.34	4.89	1.93	2.17	0.00	5.56	8.08	6.74	8.28	7.86	4.85
% of institutions with earnings gains	57.45	40.25	58.85	72.29	60.87	46.15	67.79	58.00	58.84	52.09	53.66	66.04
Structural Changes												
New reporters	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
Institutions absorbed by mergers	31	10	18	3	0	0	5	4	7	10	5	0
Failed institutions	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
PRIOR FOURTH QUARTERS (The way it was...)												
Return on assets (%)	2019	1.19	0.86	1.24	1.27	1.29	1.02	1.15	1.28	1.02	1.14	1.70
	2017	0.58	0.59	0.85	0.73	0.78	0.59	0.69	0.83	-0.13	0.89	1.10
	2015	1.02	0.75	1.19	1.03	0.99	0.77	1.02	1.02	1.09	0.97	1.43
Net charge-offs to loans & leases (%)	2019	0.54	0.27	0.24	0.22	0.70	0.51	0.60	0.45	0.56	0.27	0.77
	2017	0.55	0.29	0.23	0.29	0.76	0.64	0.69	0.26	0.56	0.33	0.75
	2015	0.49	0.31	0.22	0.30	0.59	0.53	0.54	0.28	0.59	0.35	0.62

* See Table V-A (page 11) for explanations.

** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

TABLE V-A. Loan Performance, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

December 31, 2020	All Insured Institutions	Asset Concentration Groups*								
		Credit Card Banks	International Banks	Agricultural Banks	Commercial Lenders	Mortgage Lenders	Consumer Lenders	Other Specialized <\$1 Billion	All Other <\$1 Billion	All Other >\$1 Billion
Percent of Loans 30-89 Days Past Due										
All loans secured by real estate	0.60	0.41	0.47	0.51	0.42	0.49	0.34	1.23	0.87	1.08
Construction and development	0.45	1.85	0.47	0.61	0.31	1.15	0.92	1.07	0.72	1.03
Nonfarm nonresidential	0.34	0.69	0.88	0.39	0.26	0.33	0.43	1.11	0.63	0.56
Multifamily residential real estate	0.24	0.00	0.38	0.13	0.22	0.21	0.24	0.41	0.35	0.19
Home equity loans	0.51	0.00	0.59	0.35	0.46	0.37	0.07	0.50	0.60	0.60
Other 1-4 family residential	0.92	0.38	0.45	0.89	0.72	0.50	0.34	1.51	1.06	1.40
Commercial and industrial loans	0.26	0.48	0.35	0.53	0.23	0.18	0.07	1.06	0.79	0.25
Loans to individuals	1.22	1.27	0.93	0.94	1.04	0.49	0.88	1.31	1.26	1.53
Credit card loans	1.10	1.28	0.88	1.03	1.27	1.03	0.67	1.85	1.15	1.08
Other loans to individuals	1.33	1.02	1.09	0.93	1.02	0.47	0.88	1.27	1.26	1.74
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.32	0.86	0.47	0.45	0.27	0.10	0.01	0.53	0.49	0.23
Total loans and leases	0.58	1.19	0.54	0.51	0.40	0.46	0.67	1.17	0.88	0.82
Percent of Loans Noncurrent**										
All real estate loans	1.65	0.64	1.90	1.03	1.31	1.11	0.41	1.23	0.91	2.49
Construction and development	0.65	1.72	2.16	0.61	0.48	1.27	2.51	1.34	0.49	1.00
Nonfarm nonresidential	1.00	0.00	1.47	0.91	0.90	0.81	1.14	1.02	1.04	1.38
Multifamily residential real estate	0.26	0.00	0.25	0.52	0.23	0.89	0.04	0.00	0.51	0.44
Home equity loans	2.11	0.00	5.40	0.26	1.32	1.65	0.52	0.26	0.50	2.56
Other 1-4 family residential	2.54	0.62	2.32	0.74	2.46	1.10	0.37	1.37	0.91	3.11
Commercial and industrial loans	0.99	0.42	1.40	0.97	0.84	1.08	0.64	0.54	0.76	1.10
Loans to individuals	0.86	1.24	0.85	0.45	0.81	0.15	0.33	0.51	0.57	0.75
Credit card loans	1.16	1.30	1.03	0.34	1.15	0.56	0.65	0.90	0.80	1.13
Other loans to individuals	0.59	0.41	0.31	0.46	0.78	0.13	0.32	0.49	0.57	0.57
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.33	0.00	0.28	1.03	0.38	0.15	0.05	0.59	0.71	0.28
Total loans and leases	1.18	1.17	1.14	1.00	1.08	1.03	0.35	1.01	0.86	1.43
Percent of Loans Charged-Off (net, YTD)										
All real estate loans	0.04	0.05	-0.02	0.06	0.05	0.00	0.02	0.10	0.03	0.06
Construction and development	0.01	0.13	-0.01	0.12	0.02	0.00	0.15	-0.11	0.06	-0.02
Nonfarm nonresidential	0.13	0.00	0.15	0.11	0.11	0.05	0.15	0.24	0.05	0.23
Multifamily residential real estate	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	-0.02	0.00	0.00	-0.02	0.01
Home equity loans	-0.05	0.00	-0.10	0.01	0.00	-0.02	0.13	-0.03	0.01	-0.11
Other 1-4 family residential	0.00	0.05	-0.05	0.05	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.02	-0.01
Commercial and industrial loans	0.53	2.39	0.60	0.31	0.51	0.32	0.61	0.10	0.16	0.46
Loans to individuals	2.07	3.89	2.57	0.38	1.00	0.60	0.71	0.73	0.38	1.48
Credit card loans	3.48	4.00	3.22	1.10	4.00	2.97	1.32	1.42	0.95	2.93
Other loans to individuals	0.74	2.14	0.55	0.30	0.71	0.49	0.71	0.69	0.37	0.74
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.17	0.00	0.08	0.22	0.26	0.13	0.02	0.46	0.05	0.18
Total loans and leases	0.50	3.73	0.69	0.14	0.25	0.05	0.52	0.19	0.07	0.43
Loans Outstanding (in billions)										
All real estate loans	\$5,118.0	\$1.9	\$558.7	\$109.0	\$2,962.8	\$142.7	\$23.1	\$9.5	\$44.5	\$1,265.9
Construction and development	385.9	0.0	17.9	6.8	295.6	4.6	0.1	0.8	2.8	57.4
Nonfarm nonresidential	1,568.6	0.0	59.2	29.0	1,191.4	12.3	0.9	3.2	9.7	262.8
Multifamily residential real estate	479.8	0.0	84.5	3.9	332.2	3.4	0.4	0.3	1.2	53.9
Home equity loans	300.3	0.0	31.2	1.8	167.9	7.7	0.2	0.2	1.5	89.8
Other 1-4 family residential	2,210.6	1.8	310.7	25.0	924.7	113.9	21.5	4.3	25.8	782.9
Commercial and industrial loans	2,435.0	34.2	358.2	25.3	1,287.1	8.4	6.4	2.3	6.0	707.0
Loans to individuals	1,744.1	350.2	365.1	5.9	339.5	9.7	70.2	1.5	4.7	597.4
Credit card loans	822.0	328.7	271.9	0.6	27.8	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.0	192.2
Other loans to individuals	922.1	21.4	93.2	5.3	311.7	9.3	69.9	1.4	4.7	405.2
All other loans and leases (including farm)	1,569.2	0.2	479.0	36.8	433.1	4.2	4.4	0.8	2.7	608.0
Total loans and leases (plus unearned income)	10,866.3	386.5	1,760.9	176.9	5,022.5	165.0	104.1	13.9	58.0	3,178.3
Memo: Other Real Estate Owned (in millions)										
All other real estate owned	4,629.4	0.3	286.7	208.6	3,232.1	67.3	5.0	34.4	90.2	704.9
Construction and development	927.8	0.2	1.0	26.7	800.8	16.3	2.7	16.3	20.1	43.8
Nonfarm nonresidential	2,335.9	0.0	85.0	73.6	1,798.5	10.8	0.5	13.4	35.8	318.3
Multifamily residential real estate	63.8	0.0	0.0	2.9	60.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1-4 family residential	1,109.3	0.1	154.7	37.4	500.0	39.7	1.9	4.7	29.8	341.1
Farmland	146.6	0.0	0.0	68.1	72.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	1.7

* Asset Concentration Group Definitions (Groups are hierarchical and mutually exclusive):

Credit-card Lenders - Institutions whose credit-card loans plus securitized receivables exceed 50 percent of total assets plus securitized receivables.

International Banks - Banks with assets greater than \$10 billion and more than 25 percent of total assets in foreign offices.

Agricultural Banks - Banks whose agricultural production loans plus real estate loans secured by farmland exceed 25 percent of the total loans and leases.

Commercial Lenders - Institutions whose commercial and industrial loans, plus real estate construction and development loans, plus loans secured by commercial real estate properties exceed 25 percent of total assets.

Mortgage Lenders - Institutions whose residential mortgage loans, plus mortgage-backed securities, exceed 50 percent of total assets.

Consumer Lenders - Institutions whose residential mortgage loans, plus credit-card loans, plus other loans to individuals, exceed 50 percent of total assets.

Other Specialized < \$1 Billion - Institutions with assets less than \$1 billion, whose loans and leases are less than 40 percent of total assets.

All Other < \$1 billion - Institutions with assets less than \$1 billion that do not meet any of the definitions above, they have significant lending activity with no identified asset concentrations.

All Other > \$1 billion - Institutions with assets greater than \$1 billion that do not meet any of the definitions above, they have significant lending activity with no identified asset concentrations.

** Noncurrent loan rates represent the percentage of loans in each category that are past due 90 days or more or that are in nonaccrual status.

TABLE V-A. Loan Performance, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

December 31, 2020	All Insured Institutions	Asset Size Distribution					Geographic Regions*					
		Less Than \$100 Million	\$100 Million to \$1 Billion	\$1 Billion to \$10 Billion	\$10 Billion to \$250 Billion	Greater Than \$250 Billion	New York	Atlanta	Chicago	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco
Percent of Loans 30-89 Days Past Due												
All loans secured by real estate	0.60	0.97	0.52	0.34	0.47	0.88	0.52	0.60	0.57	0.97	0.57	0.29
Construction and development	0.45	1.02	0.50	0.33	0.33	0.76	0.54	0.44	0.40	0.73	0.32	0.28
Nonfarm nonresidential	0.34	0.71	0.36	0.25	0.29	0.55	0.42	0.29	0.35	0.41	0.28	0.27
Multifamily residential real estate	0.24	0.28	0.28	0.19	0.22	0.30	0.28	0.19	0.31	0.23	0.30	0.09
Home equity loans	0.51	0.30	0.39	0.34	0.53	0.56	0.45	0.50	0.50	0.72	0.48	0.32
Other 1-4 family residential	0.92	1.32	0.77	0.55	0.73	1.16	0.71	0.89	0.78	1.51	1.11	0.37
Commercial and industrial loans	0.26	0.86	0.42	0.27	0.23	0.26	0.28	0.21	0.29	0.25	0.31	0.26
Loans to individuals	1.22	1.49	1.49	1.28	1.11	1.30	1.06	1.74	0.82	1.10	0.86	1.32
Credit card loans	1.10	1.05	1.81	2.72	1.20	0.97	1.18	1.31	0.80	1.04	0.55	1.23
Other loans to individuals	1.33	1.50	1.47	0.98	1.03	1.62	0.98	2.11	0.84	1.21	0.96	1.39
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.32	0.45	0.39	0.28	0.24	0.35	0.26	0.17	0.39	0.41	0.31	0.27
Total loans and leases	0.58	0.92	0.53	0.37	0.51	0.70	0.52	0.65	0.51	0.73	0.51	0.52
Percent of Loans Noncurrent**												
All real estate loans	1.65	1.16	0.82	0.86	1.91	2.03	1.51	1.47	1.67	1.97	2.86	0.60
Construction and development	0.65	0.73	0.63	0.61	0.44	1.13	1.15	0.46	1.02	0.35	0.34	0.51
Nonfarm nonresidential	1.00	1.24	0.84	0.83	1.02	1.24	1.23	0.84	1.18	1.24	0.70	0.75
Multifamily residential real estate	0.26	0.93	0.28	0.33	0.19	0.32	0.28	0.52	0.15	0.52	0.19	0.12
Home equity loans	2.11	0.46	0.62	0.62	1.38	3.25	2.05	1.60	2.56	3.36	1.07	0.85
Other 1-4 family residential	2.54	1.11	0.84	1.12	3.60	2.51	2.25	2.15	2.20	2.70	7.55	0.57
Commercial and industrial loans	0.99	1.23	0.64	0.88	0.93	1.11	0.91	0.90	0.93	1.43	0.93	0.81
Loans to individuals	0.86	0.76	0.65	0.79	0.88	0.85	0.92	1.02	0.55	0.89	0.71	0.93
Credit card loans	1.16	0.67	1.70	2.26	1.25	1.06	1.38	1.28	0.92	1.12	1.03	1.15
Other loans to individuals	0.59	0.76	0.58	0.49	0.54	0.64	0.58	0.79	0.23	0.51	0.60	0.76
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.33	1.01	0.94	0.35	0.37	0.27	0.28	0.17	0.37	0.41	0.26	0.39
Total loans and leases	1.18	1.12	0.79	0.83	1.32	1.23	1.15	1.07	1.10	1.40	2.05	0.70
Percent of Loans Charged-Off (net, YTD)												
All real estate loans	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.02
Construction and development	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.00	-0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	-0.03	0.02	0.03
Nonfarm nonresidential	0.13	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.14	0.22	0.13	0.15	0.20	0.18	0.07	0.07
Multifamily residential real estate	0.01	0.00	-0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	-0.01
Home equity loans	-0.05	0.11	0.03	0.01	-0.01	-0.10	0.00	-0.08	-0.02	-0.10	-0.07	-0.03
Other 1-4 family residential	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.00	-0.02	0.01	0.00	-0.03	0.00	0.02	0.00
Commercial and industrial loans	0.53	0.36	0.25	0.38	0.66	0.49	0.39	0.48	0.55	0.49	0.85	0.66
Loans to individuals	2.07	0.46	0.82	1.77	2.36	1.89	2.23	1.95	1.62	2.49	1.13	2.33
Credit card loans	3.48	3.53	3.03	6.87	3.87	3.08	3.86	3.38	2.99	3.49	2.44	3.98
Other loans to individuals	0.74	0.43	0.62	0.69	0.86	0.64	1.00	0.62	0.35	0.82	0.67	0.96
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.17	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.18	0.16	0.26	0.21	0.13	0.14	0.11	0.19
Total loans and leases	0.50	0.13	0.12	0.22	0.66	0.51	0.48	0.54	0.41	0.53	0.31	0.70
Loans Outstanding (in billions)												
All real estate loans	\$5,118.0	\$20.7	\$514.5	\$952.1	\$1,826.7	\$1,804.1	\$1,065.7	\$935.3	\$1,009.6	\$904.1	\$551.6	\$651.8
Construction and development	385.9	1.1	47.2	94.1	160.5	83.0	76.1	63.1	64.2	53.8	83.4	45.4
Nonfarm nonresidential	1,568.6	4.3	193.2	407.3	625.7	338.0	360.9	305.4	232.4	208.7	228.4	232.9
Multifamily residential real estate	479.8	0.5	28.7	104.8	208.1	137.7	165.8	46.1	119.2	44.2	25.3	79.1
Home equity loans	300.3	0.4	16.1	35.7	108.9	139.2	64.9	71.8	72.4	48.1	18.9	24.3
Other 1-4 family residential	2,210.6	10.0	179.8	280.1	707.4	1,033.3	392.9	435.5	496.9	448.8	176.6	259.9
Commercial and industrial loans	2,435.0	4.3	120.3	298.9	880.0	1,131.6	427.9	569.0	542.9	416.9	195.7	282.6
Loans to individuals	1,744.1	1.9	26.9	73.4	748.0	893.9	305.6	406.7	340.7	297.6	67.0	326.6
Credit card loans	822.0	0.0	1.8	12.7	362.3	445.3	127.9	187.5	157.0	186.7	17.0	146.0
Other loans to individuals	922.1	1.9	25.1	60.7	385.7	448.6	177.7	219.1	183.8	110.8	50.0	180.7
All other loans and leases (including farm)	1,569.2	4.0	41.8	75.7	434.3	1,013.3	241.5	298.7	414.1	384.7	76.0	154.2
Total loans and leases (plus unearned income)	10,866.3	30.8	703.5	1,400.1	3,889.0	4,842.9	2,040.7	2,209.6	2,307.3	2,003.2	890.3	1,415.1
Memo: Other Real Estate Owned (in millions)												
All other real estate owned	4,629.4	73.2	1,031.9	1,458.4	1,129.8	936.1	629.1	960.0	854.7	672.9	861.4	651.2
Construction and development	927.8	14.1	391.5	300.5	184.0	37.7	108.2	247.7	113.0	152.8	256.2	50.0
Nonfarm nonresidential	2,335.9	26.1	359.0	937.7	579.3	433.9	226.3	436.9	417.4	301.9	421.1	532.4
Multifamily residential real estate	63.8	5.2	32.6	18.2	7.1	0.7	8.5	20.7	6.6	6.6	13.3	8.0
1-4 family residential	1,109.3	22.1	179.2	148.8	341.9	417.3	284.1	235.9	272.9	143.2	126.6	46.7
Farmland	146.6	5.7	69.6	53.2	17.5	0.6	2.1	18.9	17.8	49.4	44.3	14.2

* Regions:

New York - Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, Vermont, U.S. Virgin Islands
 Atlanta - Alabama, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia
 Chicago - Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin
 Kansas City - Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota
 Dallas - Arkansas, Colorado, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas
 San Francisco - Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Pacific Islands, Utah, Washington, Wyoming

** Noncurrent loan rates represent the percentage of loans in each category that are past due 90 days or more or that are in nonaccrual status.

TABLE VII-A. Servicing, Securitization, and Asset Sales Activities (All FDIC-Insured Call Report Filers)*

	4th Quarter 2020	3rd Quarter 2020	2nd Quarter 2020	1st Quarter 2020	4th Quarter 2019	% Change 19Q4- 20Q4	Asset Size Distribution				
							Less Than \$100 Million	\$100 Million to \$1 Billion	\$1 to \$10 Billion	\$10 to \$250 Billion	Greater Than \$250 Billion
(dollar figures in millions)											
Assets Securitized and Sold with Servicing Retained or with Recourse or Other Seller-Provided Credit Enhancements											
Number of institutions reporting securitization activities	57	58	61	63	63	-9.5	0	5	12	32	8
Outstanding Principal Balance by Asset Type											
1-4 family residential loans	\$382,125	\$406,116	\$449,854	\$452,586	\$474,309	-19.4	\$0	\$5,129	\$11,963	\$104,348	\$260,686
Home equity loans	8	8	9	9	11	-27.3	0	0	0	8	0
Credit card receivables	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Auto loans	289	579	980	1,196	1,448	-80.0	0	0	0	289	0
Other consumer loans	1,569	1,669	1,512	1,587	1,661	-5.5	0	0	0	851	717
Commercial and industrial loans	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
All other loans, leases, and other assets	87,334	88,993	90,064	88,439	83,875	4.1	0	0	8,091	3,308	75,935
Total securitized and sold	471,325	497,365	542,419	543,817	561,304	-16.0	0	5,129	20,054	108,804	337,338
Maximum Credit Exposure by Asset Type											
1-4 family residential loans	1,210	1,403	1,522	1,726	1,326	-8.7	0	0	51	604	555
Home equity loans	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Credit card receivables	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Auto loans	26	38	48	53	59	-55.9	0	0	0	26	0
Other consumer loans	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial and industrial loans	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
All other loans, leases, and other assets	2,029	2,010	2,205	1,645	1,366	48.5	0	0	91	91	1,847
Total credit exposure	3,265	3,451	3,775	3,424	2,751	18.7	0	0	142	721	2,402
Total unused liquidity commitments provided to institution's own securitizations	71	71	32	29	24	195.8	0	0	0	0	71
Securitized Loans, Leases, and Other Assets 30-89 Days Past Due (%)											
1-4 family residential loans	2.7	3.0	5.9	3.7	3.5		0.0	2.1	0.7	2.1	3
Home equity loans	5.3	7.2	8.3	19.7	9.8		0.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	0
Credit card receivables	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Auto loans	4.2	3.1	2.6	4.5	3.2		0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2	0
Other consumer loans	3.1	2.3	3.0	3.7	3.6		0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	5.1
Commercial and industrial loans	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
All other loans, leases, and other assets	0.6	1.5	4.7	0.1	0.1		0.0	0.0	0.2	1.6	0.6
Total loans, leases, and other assets	2.5	3.1	6.5	3.4	3.2		0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	2.5
Securitized Loans, Leases, and Other Assets 90 Days or More Past Due (%)											
1-4 family residential loans	3.0	2.9	4.6	1.0	1.0		0.0	1.6	2.3	4.1	2.5
Home equity loans	28.9	27.8	28.9	29.3	33.6		0.0	0.0	0.0	28.9	0
Credit card receivables	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Auto loans	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.6		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0
Other consumer loans	2.4	2.2	3.2	3.6	3.7		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	4.2
Commercial and industrial loans	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
All other loans, leases, and other assets	2.4	2.9	0.4	0.3	0.3		0.0	0.0	1.5	0.4	2.6
Total loans, leases, and other assets	2.5	2.8	4.3	0.8	0.8		0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	2.6
Securitized Loans, Leases, and Other Assets Charged-off (net, YTD, annualized, %)											
1-4 family residential loans	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Home equity loans	11.9	10.2	8.4	6.9	8.6		0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	0
Credit card receivables	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Auto loans	3.6	2.0	1.1	0.5	1.9		0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	0
Other consumer loans	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.7		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.8
Commercial and industrial loans	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
All other loans, leases, and other assets	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.2
Total loans, leases, and other assets	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Seller's Interests in Institution's Own Securitizations - Carried as Loans											
Home equity loans	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Credit card receivables	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial and industrial loans	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Seller's Interests in Institution's Own Securitizations - Carried as Securities											
Home equity loans	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Credit card receivables	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial and industrial loans	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
Assets Sold with Recourse and Not Securitized											
Number of institutions reporting asset sales	343	347	345	339	371	-7.5	5	115	151	63	9
Outstanding Principal Balance by Asset Type											
1-4 family residential loans	35,430	31,869	28,990	27,752	30,320	16.9	60	5,630	15,919	12,288	1,533
All other loans, leases, and other assets	131,293	128,103	126,493	123,427	124,159	5.7	0	90	68	36,177	94,958
Total sold and not securitized	166,722	159,972	155,483	151,179	154,479	7.9	60	5,720	15,988	48,465	96,491
Maximum Credit Exposure by Asset Type											
1-4 family residential loans	13,630	12,870	10,753	9,675	10,161	34.1	2	977	5,942	5,941	768
All other loans, leases, and other assets	37,880	36,997	36,423	35,313	34,793	8.9	0	90	18	11,411	26,361
Total credit exposure	51,510	49,867	47,176	44,989	44,953	14.6	2	1,067	5,960	17,352	27,129
Support for Securitization Facilities Sponsored by Other Institutions											
Number of institutions reporting securitization facilities sponsored by others	36	36	35	36	36	0.0	1	9	13	8	5
Total credit exposure	23,986	24,893	26,480	22,894	23,214	3.3	0	0	0	1,617	22,369
Total unused liquidity commitments	418	412	413	208	413	1.2	0	0	0	295	123
Other											
Assets serviced for others**	5,779,937	5,921,767	5,912,001	6,185,782	6,187,243	-6.6	3,121	221,077	378,412	1,230,565	3,946,761
Asset-backed commercial paper conduits											
Credit exposure to conduits sponsored by institutions and others	19,694	17,209	17,348	18,170	17,948	9.7	0	0	0	0	19,694
Unused liquidity commitments to conduits sponsored by institutions and others	56,904	59,373	59,835	56,530	58,175	-2.2	0	0	0	1,487	55,417
Net servicing income (for the quarter)	1,025	1,364	-246	-1,757	2,204	-53.5	7	227	209	358	225
Net securitization income (for the quarter)	77	92	39	37	138	-44.2	0	10	4	9	53
Total credit exposure to Tier 1 capital (%)***	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.6		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.8

* Does not include banks filing the FFIEC 051 report form, which was introduced in first quarter 2017.

** The amount of financial assets serviced for others, other than closed-end 1-4 family residential mortgages, is reported when these assets are greater than \$10 million.

*** Total credit exposure includes the sum of the three line items titled "Total credit exposure" reported above.

TABLE VIII-A. Trust Services (All FDIC-Insured Institutions)

	All Insured Institutions					Asset Size Distribution				
	Dec 31 2020	Dec 31 2019	Dec 31 2018	Dec 31 2017	% Change 2019-2020	Less Than \$100 Million	\$100 Million to \$1 Billion	\$1 Billion to \$10 Billion	\$10 Billion to \$250 Billion	Greater Than \$250 Billion
(dollar figures in millions)										
Number of institutions reporting	5,001	5,177	5,406	5,670	-3.4	944	3,130	776	138	13
Number of institutions with fiduciary powers	1,578	1,627	1,686	1,745	-3.0	134	931	402	99	12
Commercial banks	1,461	1,500	1,561	1,617	-2.6	122	878	358	91	12
Savings institutions	117	127	125	128	-7.9	12	53	44	8	0
Number of institutions exercising fiduciary powers	1,170	1,207	1,260	1,291	-3.1	82	665	320	91	12
Commercial banks	1,078	1,106	1,162	1,189	-2.5	71	624	288	83	12
Savings institutions	92	101	98	102	-8.9	11	41	32	8	0
Number of institutions reporting fiduciary activity	1,116	1,147	1,199	1,224	-2.7	76	624	314	90	12
Commercial banks	1,032	1,055	1,106	1,128	-2.2	65	588	284	83	12
Savings institutions	84	92	93	96	-8.7	11	36	30	7	0
Fiduciary and related assets - managed assets										
Personal trust and agency accounts	750,909	709,267	630,296	678,425	5.9	14,854	71,026	88,860	280,931	295,238
Noninterest-bearing deposits	5,087	7,674	8,900	9,124	-33.7	2	501	399	288	3,897
Interest-bearing deposits	81,654	69,085	76,197	70,413	18.2	100	7,086	8,422	16,563	49,482
U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government agency obligations	131,956	138,753	124,625	109,476	-4.9	1,788	3,132	17,231	47,318	62,487
State, county and municipal obligations	251,763	253,381	234,846	220,454	-0.6	4,078	10,894	21,174	90,009	125,608
Money market mutual funds	157,714	146,712	122,932	99,968	7.5	2,730	13,757	16,408	52,667	72,153
Other short-term obligations	160,426	132,383	135,186	151,811	21.2	65	73	1,235	3,969	155,083
Other notes and bonds	341,462	301,599	287,252	270,734	13.2	8,291	5,043	15,806	46,877	265,445
Common and preferred stocks	4,011,171	3,581,224	2,964,907	3,320,848	12.0	40,469	266,073	226,984	743,874	2,733,772
Real estate mortgages	2,048	2,125	2,087	1,884	-3.6	10	166	340	1,178	354
Real estate	66,706	52,582	49,756	47,940	26.9	1,066	23,927	7,196	14,273	20,244
Miscellaneous assets	146,535	130,782	107,310	121,727	12.0	1,888	11,082	16,573	39,125	77,867
Employee benefit and retirement-related trust and agency accounts:										
Employee benefit - defined contribution	595,321	493,000	395,229	429,240	20.8	1,922	14,909	16,972	26,356	535,162
Employee benefit - defined benefit	634,567	602,747	508,367	585,263	5.3	3,732	3,060	19,420	26,966	581,388
Other employee benefit and retirement-related accounts	454,412	408,074	339,960	373,405	11.4	6,820	79,387	35,114	115,400	217,691
Corporate trust and agency accounts	27,822	23,739	15,607	19,895	17.2	1	311	6,200	3,391	17,920
Investment management and investment advisory agency accounts	2,340,514	2,110,932	1,832,929	1,924,534	10.9	29,506	158,221	144,088	511,159	1,497,541
Other fiduciary accounts	552,976	468,541	391,609	413,618	18.0	3,652	14,821	21,114	91,937	421,452
Total managed fiduciary accounts:										
Assets	5,356,522	4,816,302	4,113,997	4,424,380	11.2	60,488	341,735	331,768	1,056,140	3,566,391
Number of accounts	1,951,523	1,892,283	1,852,807	1,839,096	3.1	98,124	480,539	331,003	490,953	550,904
Fiduciary and related assets - nonmanaged assets										
Personal trust and agency accounts	386,932	339,550	300,897	282,548	14.0	6,891	25,336	23,055	182,991	148,658
Employee benefit and retirement-related trust and agency accounts:										
Employee benefit - defined contribution	2,076,354	2,504,371	2,152,994	2,333,483	-17.1	176,929	74,885	53,312	896,889	874,339
Employee benefit - defined benefit	3,036,645	4,697,794	4,432,130	4,655,377	-35.4	13,881	17,444	22,878	1,033,459	1,948,983
Other employee benefit and retirement-related accounts	773,612	1,620,838	1,489,228	1,571,066	-52.3	1,553	57,069	20,590	158,879	535,522
Corporate trust and agency accounts	3,846,606	3,584,432	3,338,071	3,350,525	7.3	3	3,491	328,958	314,108	3,200,045
Other fiduciary accounts	3,430,772	3,998,882	3,470,168	3,656,109	-14.2	13,133	41,266	36,483	504,439	2,835,451
Total nonmanaged fiduciary accounts:										
Assets	13,550,922	16,745,867	15,183,488	15,849,109	-19.1	212,390	219,491	485,277	3,090,766	9,542,999
Number of accounts	4,752,072	4,304,374	3,909,570	3,872,793	10.4	12,786	2,145,325	176,913	303,492	2,113,556
Custody and safekeeping accounts:										
Assets	129,458,292	110,653,619	96,368,725	97,674,506	17.0	43,550	1,596,271	1,183,054	11,472,749	115,162,669
Number of accounts	13,478,663	13,731,356	13,286,592	12,556,341	-1.8	218,245	8,832,581	121,450	2,134,890	2,171,497
Fiduciary and related services income										
Personal trust and agency accounts	4,700	4,584	4,745	4,642	2.5	96	260	527	1,791	2,026
Retirement-related trust and agency accounts:										
Employee benefit - defined contribution	1,029	1,195	1,373	1,337	-13.9	24	67	165	286	487
Employee benefit - defined benefit	1,101	1,361	1,502	1,508	-19.1	9	19	31	311	732
Other employee benefit and retirement-related accounts	2,243	2,176	2,114	1,911	3.1	62	641	333	617	589
Corporate trust and agency accounts	1,884	1,875	1,774	1,720	0.5	0	6	311	422	1,145
Investment management agency accounts	9,572	9,110	9,140	8,515	5.1	144	876	955	2,954	4,642
Other fiduciary accounts	607	803	775	811	-24.4	5	2	5	168	427
Custody and safekeeping accounts	16,110	14,535	14,927	14,403	10.8	11	579	266	2,055	13,199
Other fiduciary and related services income	1,032	926	983	916	11.4	19	91	136	285	501
Total gross fiduciary and related services income	38,506	36,841	37,511	35,857	4.5	371	2,667	2,806	8,915	23,747
Less: Expenses	34,266	34,623	35,123	33,150	-1.0	287	2,002	1,986	7,335	22,657
Less: Net losses from fiduciary and related services	568	502	300	283	13.1	2	31	107	95	333
Plus: Intracompany income credits for fiduciary and related services	7,325	10,130	9,307	7,539	-27.7	3	3	257	946	6,116
Net fiduciary and related services income	10,751	11,542	11,154	9,805	-6.9	84	509	894	2,405	6,859
Collective investment funds and common trust funds (market value)										
Domestic equity funds	894,542	789,065	615,673	718,199	13.4	9,181	4,297	45,657	6,263	829,143
International/global equity funds	312,134	257,360	202,917	230,397	21.3	1,825	11,694	6,047	3,806	288,762
Stock/bond blend funds	209,306	175,200	148,831	141,328	19.5	2,448	470	15,628	15,996	174,764
Taxable bond funds	153,517	133,911	125,119	148,520	14.6	875	1,816	10,090	4,123	136,612
Municipal bond funds	2,106	2,287	2,004	3,001	-7.9	0	0	44	912	1,150
Short-term investments/money market funds	156,498	143,418	143,955	154,093	9.1	4,024	0	450	1,548	150,477
Specialty/other funds	62,117	61,674	58,833	56,774	0.7	0	5,484	5,938	2,288	48,407
Total collective investment funds	1,796,220	1,570,101	1,303,752	1,452,312	14.4	18,427	26,670	84,700	36,288	1,630,136

COMMUNITY BANK PERFORMANCE

Community banks are identified based on criteria defined in the FDIC’s 2012 *Community Banking Study*. When comparing community bank performance across quarters, prior-quarter dollar amounts are based on community banks designated as such in the current quarter, adjusted for mergers. In contrast, prior-quarter performance ratios are based on community banks designated during the previous quarter.

Full-Year Net Income Rises 3.6 Percent Despite Higher Provision Expenses

Community Banks Report Strong Quarterly Net Income Growth of 21.2 Percent Year Over Year

Net Interest Margin Declines 30 Basis Points From the Year-Ago Quarter

Loan and Lease Volume Grows 10.3 Percent Year Over Year

Asset Quality Remains Stable Overall Despite Modest Weakness in Some Portfolios

Full-Year Net Income Rises 3.6 Percent Despite Higher Provision Expenses

Net income for 2020 totaled \$25.9 billion, an increase of \$896.7 million (3.6 percent) compared with full-year 2019 results. Provisions increased \$4.1 billion (141.6 percent) compared with 2019, representing 7.1 percent of net operating revenue—a seven-year high. The ratio of provisions to net operating revenue, however, is less than half that reported by noncommunity banks (17.7 percent). Net operating revenue increased \$9.7 billion (10.8 percent), driven by an increase in noninterest income, which rose \$6.1 billion (33.7 percent). Three out of five community banks (60 percent) reported higher noninterest income compared with 2019. The full-year pretax return on assets (ROA) ratio declined by 13 basis points to 1.31 percent in 2020 because of an increase in average assets. The percentage of unprofitable community banks rose from 3.7 percent in 2019 to 4.4 percent in 2020.

Quarterly Net Income Increases 21.2 Percent Year Over Year

Community banks reported year-over-year net income growth of \$1.3 billion (21.2 percent) in fourth quarter 2020, despite an increase in provisions for loan and lease losses (provisions) and a narrower net interest margin (NIM). Provisions increased \$333 million (38.1 percent) from fourth quarter 2019, lifting the ratio of provisions to net operating revenue to 4.53 percent (84 basis points). This ratio is 3.2 percentage points higher than that reported by noncommunity banks. More than half of the 4,559 FDIC-insured community banks (57 percent) reported higher net income from the year-ago quarter. Increased income from loan sales (up \$1.8 billion, or 159.2 percent) drove the improvement in quarterly net income and offset the increase in provisions year over year. The pretax ROA ratio increased 6 basis points from the year-ago quarter to 1.42 percent as net income growth outpaced the growth in average assets.

Chart 1

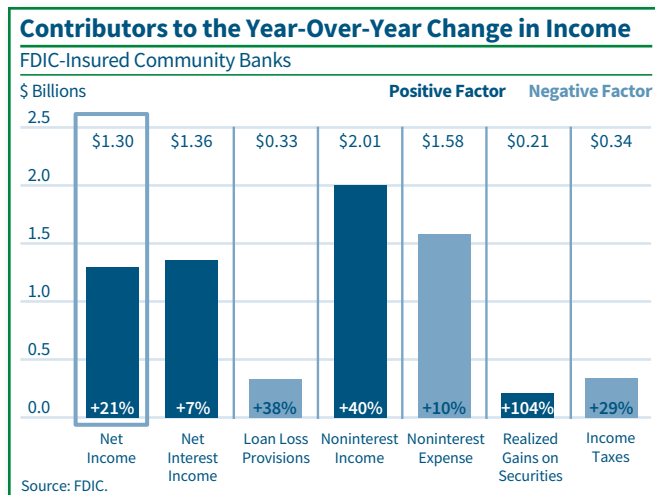
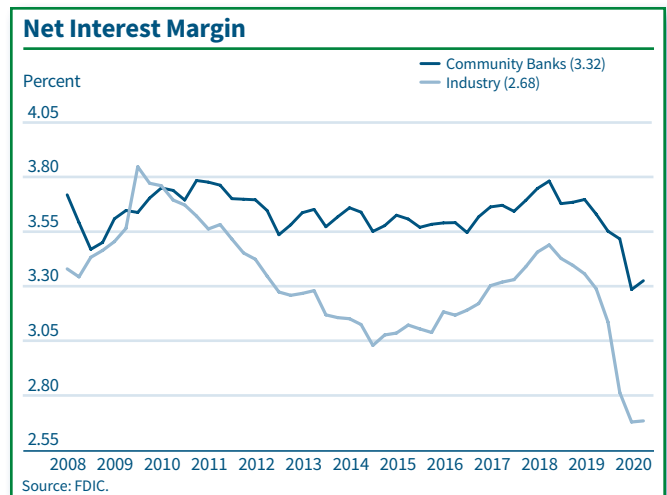


Chart 2



Net Interest Margin Narrows 30 Basis Points Year Over Year

The quarterly NIM narrowed 30 basis points from the year-ago quarter to 3.32 percent because of a decline in average yields on earning assets that outpaced the decline in average funding costs. The average yield on earning assets fell 77 basis points to a historical low of 3.78 percent. Despite the drop in yields on earning assets, net interest income increased \$1.4 billion (7.5 percent), because the dollar reduction in interest expense (down \$2 billion, or 43 percent) was greater than the dollar decline in interest income (down \$653.3 million, or 2.9 percent). Noninterest income increased \$2 billion (40.1 percent), driven by an increase in gains on loan sales (up \$1.8 billion, or 159.2 percent). The increase in net interest income and noninterest income contributed to growth in quarterly net operating revenue, which rose \$3.4 billion (up 14.5 percent) from the year-ago quarter.

Noninterest Expense Increases 10.4 Percent Year Over Year

An increase in salary and benefit expense of \$1.1 billion (12.6 percent) drove the growth in noninterest expense (up \$1.6 billion, or 10.4 percent) year over year. During this period, average assets per employee increased 16 percent to \$6.5 million from the year-ago quarter.

Loan and Lease Volume Grows 10.3 Percent From the Year-Ago Quarter

Loan and lease balances grew \$159.5 billion (10.3 percent) between fourth quarter 2019 and fourth quarter 2020. Though balances in all major loan categories expanded during the year, growth in commercial and industrial (C&I) loans (up \$109.4 billion, or 52.8 percent) accounted for more than two-thirds of the year-over-year increase. Growth in nonfarm nonresidential (NFNR) loans (up \$34.8 billion, or 7.6 percent), multifamily loans (up \$8.4 billion, or 8.4 percent), and construction and development (C&D) loans (up \$6.8 billion, or 6.2 percent) supported the year-over-year increase in loan volume. Small loans to businesses increased 21.9 percent to \$346.8 billion from the year-ago quarter, driven by an increase in C&I loans that reflected Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan growth in the first half of 2020. Small loans to farm businesses declined \$3.5 billion (5.7 percent) from the year-ago quarter. Unfunded loan commitments grew \$38.4 billion (up 12.3 percent) to \$349.9 billion year over year.

Community banks reported a moderate contraction in loan volume (1.6 percent) between third quarter 2020 and fourth quarter 2020. A reduction in C&I loan volume (down \$36.1 billion, or 10.2 percent), which was driven by a \$36.2 billion reduction in PPP loan balances, was the cause for the overall decline. More than four out of five community banks (84.7 percent) reported a reduction in C&I loan volume from third quarter 2020. Growth in

Chart 3

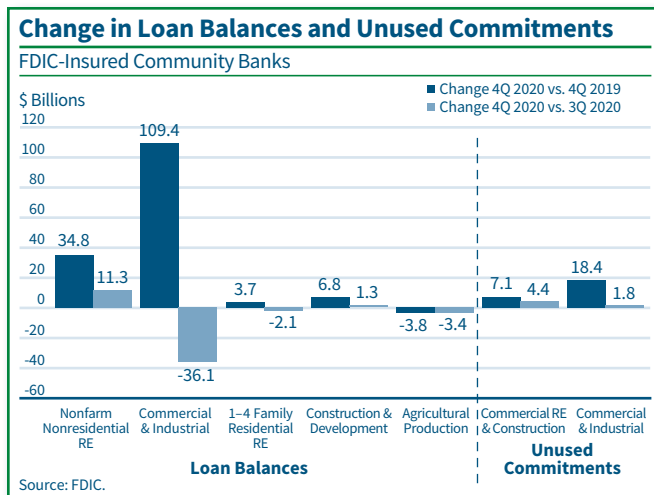
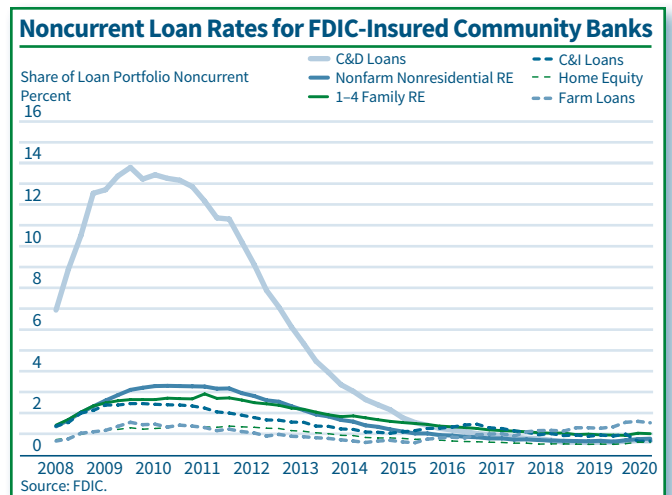


Chart 4



the following categories compensated in part for the quarterly decline in C&I loan balances: NFNR loans (up \$11.3 billion, or 2.3 percent), multifamily loans (up \$2.8 billion, or 2.6 percent), and C&D loans (up \$1.3 billion, or 1.1 percent). An increase in commercial real estate loan commitments (up \$4.4 billion, or 4.7 percent) drove the quarter-over-quarter growth in unfunded loan volume.

Growth in Deposits Above the Insurance Limit Drives the Annual Increase in Total Deposits

Deposits at community banks increased \$330.5 billion (18.4 percent) compared with the year-ago quarter, largely because of strong growth in the first half of 2020. Nearly all community banks (96.4 percent) reported an increase in deposit volume during the year. Growth in deposits above the insurance limit (up \$221.8 billion, or 30.4 percent) drove the annual increase. Brokered deposit volume declined \$5.6 billion (8.4 percent) from the year-ago quarter. Average funding costs fell 47 basis points to 0.45 percent—a historical low.

Noncurrent Balances in All Major Loan Categories Increase Year Over Year

Noncurrent loans increased \$1.5 billion (12.8 percent) year over year as noncurrent balances in all major loan categories grew. However, the noncurrent rate for total loans remained relatively flat from the year-ago quarter at 0.77 percent, partly because of strong year-over-year loan growth, and the coverage ratio increased 23 percentage points to 171.4 percent—a 14 year high.

Noncurrent balances in the NFNR loan portfolio increased most among major loan categories (up \$1.1 billion, or 37 percent). As such, the NFNR noncurrent rate rose 17 basis points from the year-ago quarter to 0.79 percent. Higher noncurrent balances in the non-owner occupied subcategory of the NFNR portfolio (up 61.1 percent) drove this increase. The noncurrent loan rate for multifamily loans increased 14 basis points to 0.36 percent year over year. The noncurrent loan rate for farm loans fell 30 basis points from third quarter 2020 to 1.22 percent. The noncurrent rate for C&I loans fell 23 basis points from the year-ago quarter to 0.66 percent.

Community Banks Report Broad-Based but Modest Decline in Net Charge-Off Volume

Broad-based but moderate declines in net charge-off volume across loan portfolios pulled the net charge-off rate for total loans down 4 basis points to 0.15 percent from the year-ago quarter. The net charge-off rate for C&I loans declined most among major loan categories (down 24 basis points to 0.30 percent).

Capital Levels Remain Strong

Equity capital grew \$3.6 billion (1.3 percent) during the quarter despite a decline in retained earnings (down \$1.2 billion, or 26 percent) resulting from an increase in cash dividends (up 57 percent). However, the leverage capital ratio declined 7 basis points to 10.3 percent as growth in average assets outpaced tier 1 capital formation. The average tier 1 risk-based capital ratio was 14.4 percent in fourth quarter 2020—relatively flat from the previous quarter. The average community bank leverage ratio (CBLR) for the 1,844 banks that elected to use the CBLR framework was 11.2 percent.

Two New Community Banks Open in Fourth Quarter 2020

The number of community banks declined to 4,559, down 31 from the previous quarter.¹ Quarterly changes include two community bank failures, two new community banks, four banks that transitioned from noncommunity to community banks, three banks that transitioned from community to noncommunity banks, two banks that self-liquidated, and 30 community banks that merged.

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¹ The number of community bank reporters excludes one bank that sold most of its assets to a credit union, but its charter remains active.

TABLE I-B. Selected Indicators, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Return on assets (%)	1.09	1.20	1.19	0.96	0.99	0.99	0.93
Return on equity (%)	9.74	10.25	10.58	8.65	8.81	8.85	8.45
Core capital (leverage) ratio (%)	10.32	11.15	11.09	10.80	10.69	10.67	10.57
Noncurrent assets plus other real estate owned to assets (%)	0.59	0.65	0.70	0.78	0.94	1.07	1.34
Net charge-offs to loans (%)	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.21
Asset growth rate (%)	14.16	-1.17	2.22	1.17	2.97	2.74	2.20
Net interest margin (%)	3.39	3.66	3.72	3.62	3.57	3.57	3.61
Net operating income growth (%)	0.22	-4.04	28.01	0.21	2.42	9.57	4.78
Number of institutions reporting	4,559	4,750	4,980	5,228	5,462	5,736	6,037
Percentage of unprofitable institutions (%)	4.41	3.98	3.63	5.72	4.67	5.04	6.44

* Excludes insured branches of foreign banks (IBAs).

TABLE II-B. Aggregate Condition and Income Data, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

(dollar figures in millions)	4th Quarter 2020	3rd Quarter 2020	4th Quarter 2019	%Change 19Q4-20Q4		
Number of institutions reporting	4,559	4,590	4,750	-4.0		
Total employees (full-time equivalent)	392,769	390,659	400,308	-1.9		
CONDITION DATA						
Total assets	\$2,547,151	\$2,478,619	\$2,231,303	14.2		
Loans secured by real estate	1,225,669	1,211,273	1,206,851	1.6		
1-4 Family residential mortgages	388,550	391,937	393,215	-1.2		
Nonfarm nonresidential	494,383	482,039	474,568	4.2		
Construction and development	115,654	114,254	113,159	2.2		
Home equity lines	42,307	42,943	46,490	-9.0		
Commercial & industrial loans	316,643	346,062	212,695	48.9		
Loans to individuals	65,272	64,261	66,106	-1.3		
Credit cards	2,104	2,021	2,158	-2.5		
Farm loans	47,500	51,073	52,209	-9.0		
Other loans & leases	49,146	44,924	40,987	19.9		
Less: Unearned income	1,042	1,283	557	87.2		
Total loans & leases	1,703,189	1,716,311	1,578,291	7.9		
Less: Reserve for losses*	22,515	21,835	17,700	27.2		
Net loans and leases	1,680,674	1,694,476	1,560,592	7.7		
Securities**	444,963	409,609	379,279	17.3		
Other real estate owned	1,859	2,081	2,462	-24.5		
Goodwill and other intangibles	18,013	17,912	17,690	1.8		
All other assets	401,642	354,542	271,281	48.1		
Total liabilities and capital	2,547,151	2,478,619	2,231,303	14.2		
Deposits	2,126,475	2,049,529	1,834,302	15.9		
Domestic office deposits	2,124,074	2,047,170	1,831,888	16.0		
Foreign office deposits	2,401	2,359	2,414	-0.5		
Brokered deposits	61,484	60,924	63,368	-3.0		
Estimated insured deposits	1,478,239	1,444,577	1,331,460	11.0		
Other borrowed funds	118,188	132,095	114,706	3.0		
Subordinated debt	362	241	339	6.9		
All other liabilities	24,647	25,094	19,291	27.8		
Total equity capital (includes minority interests)	277,478	271,661	262,665	5.6		
Bank equity capital	277,368	271,559	262,578	5.6		
Loans and leases 30-89 days past due	7,556	6,668	8,751	-13.7		
Noncurrent loans and leases	13,132	13,669	11,948	9.9		
Restructured loans and leases	5,594	5,552	5,511	1.5		
Mortgage-backed securities	201,821	189,452	179,942	12.2		
Earning assets	2,381,694	2,318,372	2,078,589	14.6		
FHLB Advances	73,192	83,498	92,543	-20.9		
Unused loan commitments	349,895	337,860	314,155	11.4		
Trust assets	380,409	262,884	328,546	15.8		
Assets securitized and sold	23,237	21,601	17,049	36.3		
Notional amount of derivatives	182,319	203,051	102,463	77.9		
INCOME DATA						
	Full Year 2020	Full Year 2019	%Change	4th Quarter 2020	4th Quarter 2019	%Change 19Q4-20Q4
Total interest income	\$88,710	\$92,459	-4.1	\$22,289	\$23,406	-4.8
Total interest expense	13,435	18,897	-28.9	2,676	4,762	-43.8
Net interest income	75,275	73,562	2.3	19,612	18,645	5.2
Provision for credit losses***	7,029	2,910	141.5	1,207	880	37.2
Total noninterest income	24,342	18,899	28.8	7,021	5,178	35.6
Total noninterest expense	62,594	59,583	5.1	16,867	15,661	7.7
Securities gains (losses)	1,086	783	38.7	408	206	97.4
Applicable income taxes	5,102	5,096	0.1	1,502	1,169	28.5
Extraordinary gains, net****	1	127	N/M	0	10	N/M
Total net income (includes minority interests)	25,980	25,782	0.8	7,465	6,329	17.9
Bank net income	25,925	25,771	0.6	7,446	6,327	17.7
Net charge-offs	2,010	2,022	-0.6	633	727	-12.9
Cash dividends	12,066	13,326	-9.5	3,975	4,233	-6.1
Retained earnings	13,860	12,445	11.4	3,472	2,095	65.7
Net operating income	25,047	24,993	0.2	7,115	6,147	15.8

* For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment and allocated transfer risk.

** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, securities are reported net of allowances for credit losses.

*** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

**** See Notes to Users for explanation.

N/M - Not Meaningful

**TABLE II-B. Aggregate Condition and Income Data, FDIC-Insured Community Banks
Prior Periods Adjusted for Mergers**

(dollar figures in millions)	4th Quarter 2020	3rd Quarter 2020	4th Quarter 2019	%Change 19Q4-20Q4		
Number of institutions reporting	4,559	4,557	4,553	0.1		
Total employees (full-time equivalent)	392,769	390,548	390,433	0.6		
CONDITION DATA						
Total assets	\$2,547,151	\$2,504,638	\$2,189,211	16.4		
Loans secured by real estate	1,225,669	1,213,291	1,175,834	4.2		
1-4 Family residential mortgages	388,550	390,674	385,544	0.8		
Nonfarm nonresidential	494,383	483,125	459,868	7.5		
Construction and development	115,654	114,368	108,951	6.2		
Home equity lines	42,307	43,211	45,379	-6.8		
Commercial & industrial loans	316,643	352,773	207,345	52.7		
Loans to individuals	65,272	65,597	70,513	-7.4		
Credit cards	2,104	2,091	3,682	-42.9		
Farm loans	47,500	50,943	51,344	-7.5		
Other loans & leases	49,146	49,073	40,576	21.1		
Less: Unearned income	1,042	1,287	539	93.3		
Total loans & leases	1,703,189	1,730,391	1,545,072	10.2		
Less: Reserve for losses*	22,515	21,966	17,411	29.3		
Net loans and leases	1,680,674	1,708,424	1,527,661	10.0		
Securities**	444,963	410,348	378,511	17.6		
Other real estate owned	1,859	2,082	2,410	-22.8		
Goodwill and other intangibles	18,013	17,818	16,993	6.0		
All other assets	401,642	365,966	263,637	52.3		
Total liabilities and capital	2,547,151	2,504,638	2,189,211	16.4		
Deposits	2,126,475	2,066,811	1,797,476	18.3		
Domestic office deposits	2,124,074	2,064,452	1,795,062	18.3		
Foreign office deposits	2,401	2,359	2,414	-0.5		
Brokered deposits	61,484	70,923	67,144	-8.4		
Estimated insured deposits	1,478,239	1,457,318	1,308,011	13.0		
Other borrowed funds	118,188	138,007	114,124	3.6		
Subordinated debt	362	350	339	6.9		
All other liabilities	24,647	25,613	19,128	28.9		
Total equity capital (includes minority interests)	277,478	273,857	258,144	7.5		
Bank equity capital	277,368	273,756	258,057	7.5		
Loans and leases 30-89 days past due	7,556	6,679	8,692	-13.1		
Noncurrent loans and leases	13,132	13,593	11,642	12.8		
Restructured loans and leases	5,594	5,602	5,679	-1.5		
Mortgage-backed securities	201,821	189,156	179,931	12.2		
Earning assets	2,381,694	2,343,428	2,040,596	16.7		
FHLB Advances	73,192	84,071	92,025	-20.5		
Unused loan commitments	349,895	340,796	311,703	12.3		
Trust assets	380,409	262,884	316,128	20.3		
Assets securitized and sold	23,237	21,601	17,285	34.4		
Notional amount of derivatives	182,319	201,812	98,484	85.1		
INCOME DATA						
	Full Year 2020	Full Year 2019	%Change	4th Quarter 2020	4th Quarter 2019	%Change 19Q4-20Q4
Total interest income	\$88,710	\$90,198	-1.6	\$22,289	\$22,942	-2.8
Total interest expense	13,435	18,526	-27.5	2,676	4,693	-43.0
Net interest income	75,275	71,672	5.0	19,612	18,249	7.5
Provision for credit losses***	7,029	2,909	141.6	1,207	874	38.1
Total noninterest income	24,342	18,202	33.7	7,021	5,010	40.1
Total noninterest expense	62,594	57,922	8.1	16,867	15,285	10.4
Securities gains (losses)	1,086	756	N/M	408	200	N/M
Applicable income taxes	5,102	4,905	4.0	1,502	1,160	29.5
Extraordinary gains, net****	1	150	N/M	0	10	N/M
Total net income (includes minority interests)	25,980	25,045	3.7	7,465	6,149	21.4
Bank net income	25,925	25,029	3.6	7,446	6,146	21.2
Net charge-offs	2,010	2,081	-3.4	633	753	-16.0
Cash dividends	12,066	13,012	-7.3	3,975	4,110	-3.3
Retained earnings	13,860	12,016	15.3	3,472	2,036	70.5
Net operating income	25,047	24,254	3.3	7,115	5,973	19.1

* For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment and allocated transfer risk.

** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, securities are reported net of allowances for credit losses.

*** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

**** See Notes to Users for explanation.

N/M - Not Meaningful

TABLE III-B. Aggregate Condition and Income Data by Geographic Region, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

Fourth Quarter 2020 (dollar figures in millions)	All Community Banks	Geographic Regions*					
		New York	Atlanta	Chicago	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco
Number of institutions reporting	4,559	504	518	998	1,238	1,018	283
Total employees (full-time equivalent)	392,769	80,110	43,315	82,541	70,856	82,193	33,754
CONDITION DATA							
Total assets	\$2,547,151	\$649,202	\$271,896	\$470,864	\$434,401	\$465,238	\$255,549
Loans secured by real estate	1,225,669	358,967	131,089	217,603	190,769	209,338	117,904
1-4 Family residential mortgages	388,550	133,967	39,116	67,415	55,561	65,913	26,578
Nonfarm nonresidential	494,383	135,482	60,480	84,264	66,750	88,502	58,905
Construction and development	115,654	26,154	14,859	18,071	17,199	29,077	10,293
Home equity lines	42,307	12,652	5,838	9,149	4,737	4,459	5,471
Commercial & industrial loans	316,643	78,006	34,547	58,879	53,458	55,345	36,407
Loans to individuals	65,272	17,253	6,110	12,413	11,350	12,345	5,801
Credit cards	2,104	413	105	290	633	264	398
Farm loans	47,500	571	1,225	8,115	26,964	7,941	2,684
Other loans & leases	49,146	13,415	3,261	12,376	7,149	7,562	5,384
Less: Unearned income	1,042	189	191	99	133	221	209
Total loans & leases	1,703,189	468,023	176,041	309,286	289,556	292,311	167,971
Less: Reserve for losses**	22,515	5,669	2,307	3,997	4,118	3,936	2,487
Net loans and leases	1,680,674	462,354	173,734	305,289	285,438	288,375	165,484
Securities***	444,963	94,881	48,282	88,895	77,572	90,875	44,457
Other real estate owned	1,859	295	323	355	365	439	82
Goodwill and other intangibles	18,013	5,180	1,356	3,555	2,758	2,834	2,330
All other assets	401,642	86,493	48,200	72,769	68,268	82,715	43,196
Total liabilities and capital	2,547,151	649,202	271,896	470,864	434,401	465,238	255,549
Deposits	2,126,475	529,661	229,965	390,651	365,792	396,486	213,921
Domestic office deposits	2,124,074	528,921	229,955	390,651	365,792	396,486	212,270
Foreign office deposits	2,401	740	10	0	0	0	1,651
Brokered deposits	61,484	24,353	4,039	10,187	10,885	8,062	3,959
Estimated insured deposits	1,478,239	367,400	155,170	288,607	268,897	270,275	127,888
Other borrowed funds	118,188	40,157	10,657	24,031	18,252	14,425	10,665
Subordinated debt	362	242	21	34	11	42	11
All other liabilities	24,647	8,554	2,283	4,353	3,354	3,287	2,815
Total equity capital (includes minority interests)	277,478	70,588	28,970	51,795	46,992	50,997	28,136
Bank equity capital	277,368	70,569	28,977	51,721	46,991	50,975	28,136
Loans and leases 30-89 days past due	7,556	2,217	855	1,274	1,078	1,724	409
Noncurrent loans and leases	13,132	4,047	1,167	2,356	2,088	2,582	893
Restructured loans and leases	5,594	1,793	487	1,338	880	728	368
Mortgage-backed securities	201,821	51,820	22,188	36,559	30,048	35,171	26,035
Earning assets	2,381,694	608,911	253,508	439,585	406,335	433,951	239,404
FHLB Advances	73,192	25,476	6,023	16,517	12,121	8,334	4,722
Unused loan commitments	349,895	92,395	31,524	64,821	66,414	55,044	39,696
Trust assets	380,409	74,669	13,339	75,567	118,460	76,484	21,891
Assets securitized and sold	23,237	8,643	109	5,138	4,397	4,729	220
Notional amount of derivatives	182,319	65,033	23,252	31,203	35,800	15,163	11,868
INCOME DATA							
Total interest income	\$22,289	\$5,483	\$2,376	\$4,057	\$3,889	\$4,257	\$2,226
Total interest expense	2,676	775	260	483	509	471	177
Net interest income	19,612	4,708	2,116	3,574	3,380	3,786	2,048
Provision for credit losses****	1,207	272	133	263	221	219	100
Total noninterest income	7,021	1,404	666	1,934	1,280	1,156	581
Total noninterest expense	16,867	3,965	1,855	3,299	2,946	3,192	1,611
Securities gains (losses)	408	261	32	34	29	46	5
Applicable income taxes	1,502	452	148	348	181	168	205
Extraordinary gains, net*****	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total net income (includes minority interests)	7,465	1,685	679	1,632	1,341	1,409	718
Bank net income	7,446	1,681	676	1,629	1,341	1,400	718
Net charge-offs	633	157	54	93	127	147	56
Cash dividends	3,975	701	305	861	853	963	292
Retained earnings	3,472	981	371	768	488	438	426
Net operating income	7,115	1,466	647	1,604	1,316	1,369	714

* See Table V-A for explanation.

** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment and allocated transfer risk.

*** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, securities are reported net of allowances for credit losses.

**** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

***** See Notes to Users for explanation.

Table IV-B. Fourth Quarter 2020, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

Performance ratios (annualized, %)	All Community Banks		Fourth Quarter 2020, Geographic Regions*					
	4th Quarter 2020	3rd Quarter 2020	New York	Atlanta	Chicago	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco
Yield on earning assets	3.78	3.80	3.63	3.81	3.69	3.88	3.98	3.75
Cost of funding earning assets	0.45	0.53	0.51	0.42	0.44	0.51	0.44	0.30
Net interest margin	3.32	3.28	3.12	3.39	3.25	3.37	3.54	3.45
Noninterest income to assets	1.11	1.14	0.87	1.00	1.64	1.20	1.01	0.92
Noninterest expense to assets	2.67	2.57	2.46	2.77	2.80	2.75	2.78	2.54
Loan and lease loss provision to assets	0.19	0.26	0.17	0.20	0.22	0.21	0.19	0.16
Net operating income to assets	1.13	1.14	0.91	0.97	1.36	1.23	1.19	1.13
Pretax return on assets	1.42	1.43	1.32	1.23	1.68	1.42	1.37	1.46
Return on assets	1.18	1.18	1.04	1.01	1.38	1.25	1.22	1.13
Return on equity	10.82	10.81	9.64	9.44	12.55	11.50	11.08	10.33
Net charge-offs to loans and leases	0.15	0.10	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.13
Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs	190.70	383.10	173.31	247.34	282.20	173.94	149.14	179.74
Efficiency ratio	62.92	60.60	64.46	66.14	59.39	62.76	64.32	60.99
Net interest income to operating revenue	73.64	72.82	77.03	76.05	64.89	72.53	76.61	77.90
% of unprofitable institutions	7.66	4.88	5.95	8.49	6.81	8.56	8.35	5.65
% of institutions with earnings gains	56.79	48.34	68.45	57.53	58.62	51.45	52.36	67.49

Table V-B. Full Year 2020, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

Performance ratios (%)	All Community Banks		Full Year 2020, Geographic Regions*					
	Full Year 2020	Full Year 2019	New York	Atlanta	Chicago	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco
Yield on earning assets	4.00	4.61	3.82	4.04	3.83	4.19	4.24	3.95
Cost of funding earning assets	0.61	0.94	0.70	0.56	0.57	0.66	0.58	0.43
Net interest margin	3.39	3.66	3.12	3.48	3.26	3.54	3.66	3.52
Noninterest income to assets	1.02	0.88	0.78	0.95	1.45	1.14	0.97	0.82
Noninterest expense to assets	2.63	2.76	2.42	2.75	2.72	2.69	2.78	2.51
Loan and lease loss provision to assets	0.30	0.13	0.33	0.33	0.26	0.26	0.28	0.33
Net operating income to assets	1.05	1.16	0.75	0.90	1.25	1.30	1.17	0.99
Pretax return on assets	1.31	1.43	1.00	1.15	1.55	1.54	1.37	1.28
Return on assets	1.09	1.20	0.79	0.94	1.28	1.34	1.21	1.01
Return on equity	9.74	10.25	7.10	8.51	11.37	12.03	10.77	8.91
Net charge-offs to loans and leases	0.12	0.13	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.14	0.16	0.13
Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs	349.74	143.94	409.59	502.72	374.18	277.74	262.75	377.65
Efficiency ratio	62.32	64.06	64.81	65.23	59.92	59.98	63.24	60.96
Net interest income to operating revenue	75.56	79.56	79.00	77.33	67.67	74.33	77.79	80.07
% of unprofitable institutions	4.41	3.98	6.75	7.14	4.01	2.34	4.13	6.71
% of institutions with earnings gains	54.22	63.68	48.41	48.84	60.82	57.19	49.80	54.06

* See Table V-A for explanation.

Table VI-B. Loan Performance, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

December 31, 2020	All Community Banks	Geographic Regions*					
		New York	Atlanta	Chicago	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco
Percent of Loans 30-89 Days Past Due							
All loans secured by real estate	0.44	0.48	0.49	0.46	0.36	0.53	0.20
Construction and development	0.38	0.39	0.30	0.52	0.31	0.41	0.28
Nonfarm nonresidential	0.32	0.42	0.27	0.31	0.26	0.36	0.15
Multifamily residential real estate	0.24	0.30	0.13	0.33	0.14	0.18	0.06
Home equity loans	0.41	0.51	0.45	0.33	0.32	0.50	0.25
Other 1-4 family residential	0.67	0.59	0.96	0.71	0.56	0.84	0.29
Commercial and industrial loans	0.32	0.31	0.33	0.26	0.32	0.42	0.28
Loans to individuals	1.34	1.38	1.46	0.69	0.85	2.50	0.98
Credit card loans	2.04	2.95	1.37	2.02	2.36	1.20	1.35
Other loans to individuals	1.32	1.34	1.46	0.66	0.76	2.53	0.95
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.31	0.22	0.18	0.22	0.38	0.47	0.24
Total loans and leases	0.44	0.47	0.48	0.41	0.37	0.59	0.24
Percent of Loans Noncurrent							
All loans secured by real estate	0.82	0.96	0.69	0.84	0.72	0.90	0.50
Construction and development	0.59	0.82	0.56	0.55	0.52	0.49	0.50
Nonfarm nonresidential	0.79	0.97	0.56	0.91	0.74	0.84	0.42
Multifamily residential real estate	0.36	0.46	0.37	0.36	0.30	0.17	0.18
Home equity loans	0.58	0.69	0.39	0.50	0.27	0.47	1.04
Other 1-4 family residential	0.95	1.16	0.96	0.92	0.52	1.11	0.51
Commercial and industrial loans	0.66	0.67	0.57	0.66	0.63	0.78	0.57
Loans to individuals	0.60	0.47	0.61	0.35	0.36	1.33	0.38
Credit card loans	0.93	0.84	0.36	1.76	1.00	0.44	0.76
Other loans to individuals	0.59	0.46	0.61	0.32	0.32	1.35	0.36
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.67	0.10	0.56	0.44	1.01	0.70	0.85
Total loans and leases	0.77	0.86	0.66	0.76	0.72	0.88	0.53
Percent of Loans Charged-Off (net, YTD)							
All loans secured by real estate	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.01
Construction and development	0.03	0.03	-0.02	0.04	0.06	0.02	0.07
Nonfarm nonresidential	0.08	0.10	0.02	0.08	0.14	0.07	0.00
Multifamily residential real estate	0.01	0.01	-0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00
Home equity loans	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.00
Other 1-4 family residential	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.00
Commercial and industrial loans	0.27	0.18	0.31	0.26	0.19	0.40	0.32
Loans to individuals	0.74	0.88	0.73	0.25	0.84	0.93	1.07
Credit card loans	3.46	3.86	1.50	0.35	11.07	1.30	2.20
Other loans to individuals	0.62	0.81	0.71	0.24	0.27	0.92	0.98
All other loans and leases (including farm)	0.23	0.27	0.32	0.16	0.19	0.25	0.42
Total loans and leases	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.14	0.16	0.13
Loans Outstanding (in billions)							
All loans secured by real estate	\$1,225.7	\$359.0	\$131.1	\$217.6	\$190.8	\$209.3	\$117.9
Construction and development	115.7	26.2	14.9	18.1	17.2	29.1	10.3
Nonfarm nonresidential	494.4	135.5	60.5	84.3	66.7	88.5	58.9
Multifamily residential real estate	108.7	48.5	6.4	21.0	12.4	7.9	12.6
Home equity loans	42.3	12.7	5.8	9.1	4.7	4.5	5.5
Other 1-4 family residential	388.5	134.0	39.1	67.4	55.6	65.9	26.6
Commercial and industrial loans	316.6	78.0	34.5	58.9	53.5	55.3	36.4
Loans to individuals	65.3	17.3	6.1	12.4	11.3	12.3	5.8
Credit card loans	2.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.4
Other loans to individuals	63.2	16.8	6.0	12.1	10.7	12.1	5.4
All other loans and leases (including farm)	96.6	14.0	4.5	20.5	34.1	15.5	8.1
Total loans and leases	1,704.2	468.2	176.2	309.4	289.7	292.5	168.2
Memo: Unfunded Commitments (in millions)							
Total Unfunded Commitments	349,895	92,395	31,524	64,821	66,414	55,044	39,696
Construction and development: 1-4 family residential	28,382	5,016	4,245	3,406	4,587	8,300	2,828
Construction and development: CRE and other	67,252	19,420	7,064	11,110	10,365	12,884	6,409
Commercial and industrial	118,090	31,099	9,224	25,477	21,046	17,697	13,546

* See Table V-A for explanation.

Note: Noncurrent loan rates represent the percentage of loans in each category that are past due 90 days or more or that are in nonaccrual status.

INSURANCE FUND INDICATORS

Deposit Insurance Fund Increases by \$1.5 Billion

DIF Reserve Ratio Declines 1 Basis Point to 1.29 Percent

Two Institutions Failed During the Fourth Quarter

During the fourth quarter, the Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF) balance increased by \$1.5 billion to \$117.9 billion. Assessment income of \$1.9 billion, interest earned on investments of \$330 million, and negative provisions for insurance losses of \$48 million were the largest sources of the increase. Operating expenses of \$470 million, unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities of \$301 million, and other unrealized losses of \$37 million partially offset the increase in the fund balance. Two insured institutions with combined assets of \$203 million failed in the fourth quarter. Four insured institutions with combined assets of \$455 million failed in all of 2020.

The deposit insurance assessment base—average consolidated total assets minus average tangible equity—increased by 1.8 percent in the fourth quarter and by 16.4 percent for the full year 2020.^{1,2} Total estimated insured deposits increased by 2.2 percent in the fourth quarter of 2020 and by 16.5 percent from a year ago. The relatively strong growth in estimated insured deposits continued to place downward pressure on the DIF reserve ratio. The reserve ratio stood at 1.29 percent on December 31, 2020, 1 basis point below the reserve ratio as of September 30, 2020. The fourth quarter reserve ratio is 12 basis points lower than the previous year. The sharp 12-month decline in the reserve ratio was the result of extraordinary insured deposit growth in the first and second quarters of 2020.

The Dodd-Frank Act, enacted on July 21, 2010, contained several provisions to strengthen the DIF. Among other things, it: (1) raised the minimum reserve ratio for the DIF to 1.35 percent (from the former minimum of 1.15 percent); (2) required that the reserve ratio reach 1.35 percent by September 30, 2020. Once the reserve ratio reaches 1.35 percent, the September 30, 2020, deadline in the Dodd-Frank Act will have been met and will no longer apply. If the reserve ratio later falls below 1.35 percent, even if that occurs before September 30, 2020, the FDIC will have a minimum of eight years to return the reserve ratio to 1.35 percent, reducing the likelihood of a large increase in assessment rates. The reserve ratio exceeded the 1.35 percent minimum imposed by the Dodd-Frank Act on September 30, 2018, when the reserve ratio was 1.36 percent. The reserve ratio continued to exceed the 1.35 percent minimum for all subsequent quarters until June 30, 2020, when, due to extraordinary insured deposit growth, the reserve ratio dropped 8 basis points to 1.30 percent. Since the reserve ratio fell below its statutorily required minimum of 1.35 percent on June 30, 2020, the FDIC Board adopted a new Fund Restoration Plan in September 2020.

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¹ There are additional adjustments to the assessment base for banker's banks and custodial banks.

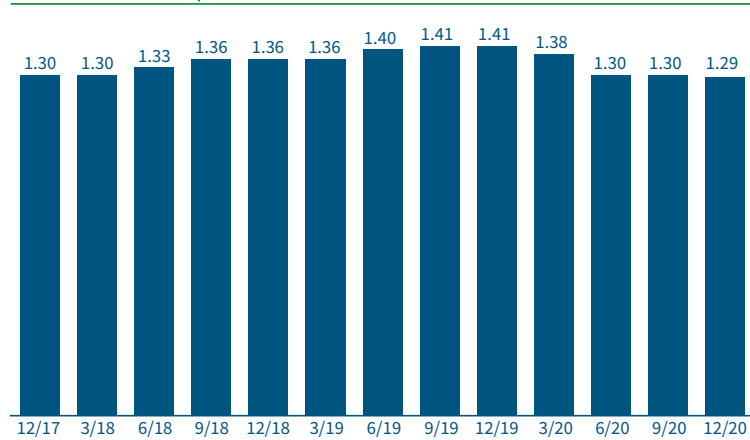
² Figures for estimated insured deposits and the assessment base include insured branches of foreign banks, in addition to insured commercial banks and savings institutions.

Table I-C. Insurance Fund Balances and Selected Indicators

	Deposit Insurance Fund*													
	4th Quarter 2020	3rd Quarter 2020	2nd Quarter 2020	1st Quarter 2020	4th Quarter 2019	3rd Quarter 2019	2nd Quarter 2019	1st Quarter 2019	4th Quarter 2018	3rd Quarter 2018	2nd Quarter 2018	1st Quarter 2018	4th Quarter 2017	
<i>(dollar figures in millions)</i>														
Beginning Fund Balance	\$116,434	\$114,651	\$113,206	\$110,347	\$108,940	\$107,446	\$104,870	\$102,609	\$100,204	\$97,588	\$95,072	\$92,747	\$90,506	
Changes in Fund Balance:														
Assessments earned	1,884	2,047	1,790	1,372	1,272	1,111	1,187	1,369	1,351	2,728	2,598	2,850	2,656	
Interest earned on investment securities	330	392	454	507	531	544	535	507	481	433	381	338	305	
Realized gain on sale of investments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Operating expenses	470	451	465	460	460	443	459	434	453	434	445	433	443	
Provision for insurance losses	-48	-74	-47	12	-88	-192	-610	-396	-236	-121	-141	-65	-203	
All other income, net of expenses	9	5	2	2	21	4	9	2	2	2	3	1	3	
Unrealized gain/(loss) on available-for-sale securities**	-338	-284	-383	1,450	-45	86	694	421	788	-234	-162	-496	-481	
Total fund balance change	1,463	1,783	1,445	2,859	1,407	1,494	2,576	2,261	2,405	2,616	2,516	2,325	2,242	
Ending Fund Balance	117,897	116,434	114,651	113,206	110,347	108,940	107,446	104,870	102,609	100,204	97,588	95,072	92,747	
Percent change from four quarters earlier	6.84	6.88	6.71	7.95	7.54	8.72	10.10	10.31	10.63	10.72	11.42	11.95	11.53	
Reserve Ratio (%)	1.29	1.30	1.30	1.38	1.41	1.41	1.40	1.36	1.36	1.36	1.33	1.30	1.30	
Estimated Insured Deposits	9,119,579	8,925,885	8,836,028	8,178,645	7,825,113	7,741,394	7,692,252	7,696,440	7,522,441	7,375,867	7,353,996	7,333,159	7,154,379	
Percent change from four quarters earlier	16.54	15.30	14.87	6.27	4.02	4.96	4.60	4.95	5.14	3.90	4.35	3.59	3.45	
Domestic Deposits	16,339,025	15,714,977	15,562,010	14,350,253	13,262,206	13,020,253	12,788,773	12,725,363	12,659,406	12,367,954	12,280,904	12,305,817	12,129,503	
Percent change from four quarters earlier	23.20	20.70	21.68	12.77	4.76	5.27	4.14	3.41	4.37	3.36	3.83	3.79	3.73	
Assessment Base***	18,805,887	18,464,568	18,153,335	16,483,675	16,156,678	15,904,512	15,684,068	15,561,859	15,452,229	15,229,530	15,113,666	15,068,512	15,001,411	
Percent change from four quarters earlier	16.40	16.10	15.74	5.92	4.56	4.43	3.77	3.27	3.01	2.67	2.79	3.06	3.01	
Number of Institutions Reporting	5,010	5,042	5,075	5,125	5,186	5,267	5,312	5,371	5,415	5,486	5,551	5,615	5,679	

DIF Reserve Ratios

Percent of Insured Deposits



Deposit Insurance Fund Balance and Insured Deposits (\$ Millions)

	DIF Balance	DIF-Insured Deposits
12/17	\$92,747	\$7,154,379
3/18	95,072	7,333,159
6/18	97,588	7,353,996
9/18	100,204	7,375,867
12/18	102,609	7,522,441
3/19	104,870	7,696,440
6/19	107,446	7,692,252
9/19	108,940	7,741,394
12/19	110,347	7,825,113
3/20	113,206	8,178,645
6/20	114,651	8,836,028
9/20	116,434	8,925,885
12/20	117,897	9,119,579

Table II-C. Problem Institutions and Failed Institutions

<i>(dollar figures in millions)</i>	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Problem Institutions							
Number of institutions	56	51	60	95	123	183	291
Total assets	\$55,830	\$46,190	\$48,481	\$13,939	\$27,624	\$46,780	\$86,712
Failed Institutions							
Number of institutions	4	4	0	8	5	8	18
Total assets****	\$455	\$209	\$0	\$5,082	\$277	\$6,706	\$2,914

* Quarterly financial statement results are unaudited.
 ** Includes unrealized postretirement benefit gain (loss).
 *** Average consolidated total assets minus tangible equity, with adjustments for banker's banks and custodial banks.
 **** Total assets are based on final Call Reports submitted by failed institutions.

Table III-C. Estimated FDIC-Insured Deposits by Type of Institution

<i>(dollar figures in millions)</i> December 31, 2020	Number of Institutions	Total Assets	Domestic Deposits*	Est. Insured Deposits
Commercial Banks and Savings Institutions				
FDIC-Insured Commercial Banks	4,374	\$20,505,942	\$15,150,417	\$8,189,613
FDIC-Supervised	2,909	3,468,076	2,838,153	1,757,840
OCC-Supervised	768	13,872,562	9,989,392	5,314,326
Federal Reserve-Supervised	697	3,165,304	2,322,873	1,117,446
FDIC-Insured Savings Institutions	627	1,377,928	1,139,322	891,685
OCC-Supervised	279	590,068	467,237	385,269
FDIC-Supervised	312	384,795	300,152	228,498
Federal Reserve-Supervised	36	403,065	371,933	277,918
Total Commercial Banks and Savings Institutions	5,001	21,883,869	16,289,739	9,081,298
Other FDIC-Insured Institutions				
U.S. Branches of Foreign Banks	9	102,800	49,286	38,281
Total FDIC-Insured Institutions	5,010	21,986,669	16,339,025	9,119,579

* Excludes \$1.5 trillion in foreign office deposits, which are not FDIC insured.

Table IV-C. Distribution of Institutions and Assessment Base by Assessment Rate Range

Quarter Ending September 30, 2020 *(dollar figures in billions)*

Annual Rate in Basis Points*	Number of Institutions	Percent of Total Institutions	Amount of Assessment Base	Percent of Total Assessment Base
1.50 - 3.00	2,910	57.72	\$3,553.7	19.25
3.01 - 6.00	1,408	27.93	12,328.7	66.77
6.01 - 10.00	590	11.70	2,412.1	13.06
10.01 - 15.00	63	1.25	133.0	0.72
15.01 - 20.00	66	1.31	36.9	0.20
20.01 - 25.00	3	0.06	0.1	0.00
> 25.00	2	0.04	0.2	0.00

* Beginning in the second quarter of 2011, the assessment base was changed to average consolidated total assets minus tangible equity, as required by the Dodd-Frank Act.

Notes to Users

This publication contains financial data and other information for depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). These notes are an integral part of this publication and provide information regarding the comparability of source data and reporting differences over time.

Tables I-A through VIII-A.

The information presented in Tables I-A through VIII-A of the *FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile* is aggregated for all FDIC-insured Call Report filers, both commercial banks and savings institutions. Some tables are arrayed by groups of FDIC-insured institutions based on predominant types of asset concentration, while other tables aggregate institutions by asset size and geographic region. Quarterly and full-year data are provided for selected indicators, including aggregate condition and income data, performance ratios, condition ratios, and structural changes, as well as past due, noncurrent, and charge-off information for loans outstanding and other assets.

Tables I-B through VI-B.

The information presented in Tables I-B through VI-B is aggregated for all FDIC-insured commercial banks and savings institutions meeting the criteria for community banks that were developed for the FDIC's *Community Banking Study*, published in December, 2012: <https://www.fdic.gov/resources/community-banking/cbi-study.html>.

The determination of which insured institutions are considered community banks is based on five steps.

The first step in defining a community bank is to aggregate all charter-level data reported under each holding company into a single banking organization. This aggregation applies both to balance-sheet measures and the number and location of banking offices. Under the FDIC definition, if the banking organization is designated as a community bank, every charter reporting under that organization is also considered a community bank when working with data at the charter level.

The second step is to **exclude** any banking organization where more than 50 percent of total assets are held in certain specialty banking charters, including: *credit card specialists*, *consumer nonbank banks*, *industrial loan companies*, *trust companies*, *bankers' banks*, and banks holding 10 percent or more of total assets in foreign offices.

Once the specialty organizations are removed, the third step involves including organizations that engage in basic banking activities as measured by the total loans-to-assets ratio (greater than 33 percent) and the ratio of core deposits to assets (greater than 50 percent). Core deposits are defined as non-brokered deposits in domestic offices. Analysis of the underlying data shows that these thresholds establish meaningful levels of basic lending and deposit gathering and still allow for a degree of diversity in how individual banks construct their balance sheets.

The fourth step includes organizations that operate within a limited geographic scope. This limitation of scope is used as a proxy measure for a bank's relationship approach to banking. Banks that operate within a limited market area have more ease in managing relationships at a personal level. Under this step, four criteria are applied to each banking organization. They include both a minimum and maximum number of total banking offices, a maximum level of deposits for any one office, and location-based criteria. The limits on the number of and deposits per office are adjusted upward quarterly. For banking offices, banks must have more than one office, and the maximum number of offices is 40 in 1985

and reached 87 in 2016. The maximum level of deposits for any one office is \$1.25 billion in deposits in 1985 and reached \$6.97 billion in deposits in 2016. The remaining geographic limitations are also based on maximums for the number of states (fixed at 3) and large metropolitan areas (fixed at 2) in which the organization maintains offices. Branch office data are based on the most recent data from the annual June 30 *Summary of Deposits Survey* that are available at the time of publication.

Finally, the definition establishes an asset-size limit, also adjusted upward quarterly and below which the limits on banking activities and geographic scope are waived. The asset-size limit is \$250 million in 1985 and reached \$1.39 billion in 2016. This final step acknowledges the fact that most of those small banks that are not excluded as specialty banks meet the requirements for banking activities and geographic limits in any event.

Summary of FDIC Research Definition of Community Banking Organizations

Community banks are designated at the level of the banking organization.

(All charters under designated holding companies are considered community banking charters.)

Exclude: Any organization with:

- No loans or no core deposits
- Foreign Assets \geq 10% of total assets
- More than 50% of assets in certain specialty banks, including:
 - credit card specialists
 - consumer nonbank banks¹
 - industrial loan companies
 - trust companies
 - bankers' banks

Include: All remaining banking organizations with:

- Total assets < indexed size threshold²
- Total assets \geq indexed size threshold, where:
 - Loan to assets > 33%
 - Core deposits to assets > 50%
 - More than 1 office but no more than the indexed maximum number of offices.³
 - Number of large MSAs with offices \leq 2
 - Number of states with offices \leq 3
 - No single office with deposits > indexed maximum branch deposit size.⁴

Tables I-C through IV-C.

A separate set of tables (Tables I-C through IV-C) provides comparative quarterly data related to the Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF), problem institutions, failed institutions, estimated FDIC-insured deposits, as well as assessment rate information. Depository insti-

¹ Consumer nonbank banks are financial institutions with limited charters that can make commercial loans or take deposits, but not both.

² Asset size threshold indexed to equal \$250 million in 1985 and \$1.39 billion in 2016.

³ Maximum number of offices indexed to equal 40 in 1985 and 87 in 2016.

⁴ Maximum branch deposit size indexed to equal \$1.25 billion in 1985 and \$6.97 billion in 2016.

tutions that are not insured by the FDIC through the DIF are not included in the *FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile*. U.S. branches of institutions headquartered in foreign countries and non-deposit trust companies are not included unless otherwise indicated. Efforts are made to obtain financial reports for all active institutions. However, in some cases, final financial reports are not available for institutions that have closed or converted their charters.

DATA SOURCES

The financial information appearing in this publication is obtained primarily from the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) *Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income (Call Reports)* and the *OTS Thrift Financial Reports (TFR)* submitted by all FDIC-insured depository institutions. (TFR filers began filing Call Reports effective with the quarter ending March 31, 2012.) This information is stored on and retrieved from the FDIC's Research Information System (RIS) database.

COMPUTATION METHODOLOGY

Parent institutions are required to file consolidated reports, while their subsidiary financial institutions are still required to file separate reports. Data from subsidiary institution reports are included in the *Quarterly Banking Profile* tables, which can lead to double-counting. No adjustments are made for any double-counting of subsidiary data. Additionally, certain adjustments are made to the *OTS Thrift Financial Reports* to provide closer conformance with the reporting and accounting requirements of the FFIEC *Call Reports*. (TFR filers began filing Call Reports effective with the quarter ending March 31, 2012.)

All condition and performance ratios represent weighted averages, which is the sum of the individual numerator values divided by the sum of individual denominator values. All asset and liability figures used in calculating performance ratios represent average amounts for the period (beginning-of-period amount plus end-of-period amount plus any interim periods, divided by the total number of periods). For "pooling-of-interest" mergers, the assets of the acquired institution(s) are included in average assets, since the year-to-date income includes the results of all merged institutions. No adjustments are made for "purchase accounting" mergers. Growth rates represent the percentage change over a 12-month period in totals for institutions in the base period to totals for institutions in the current period. For the community bank subgroup, growth rates will reflect changes over time in the number and identities of institutions designated as community banks, as well as changes in the assets and liabilities, and income and expenses of group members. Unless indicated otherwise, growth rates are not adjusted for mergers or other changes in the composition of the community bank subgroup. When community bank growth rates are adjusted for mergers, prior period balances used in the calculations represent totals for the current group of community bank reporters, plus prior period amounts for any institutions that were subsequently merged into current community banks.

All data are collected and presented based on the location of each reporting institution's main office. Reported data may include assets and liabilities located outside of the reporting institution's home state. In addition, institutions may relocate across state lines or change their charters, resulting in an inter-regional or inter-industry migration; institutions can move their home offices between regions, savings institutions can convert to commercial banks, or commercial banks may convert to savings institutions.

ACCOUNTING CHANGES

Financial accounting pronouncements by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) can result in changes in an individual bank's accounting policies and in the Call Reports they submit. Such accounting changes can affect the aggregate amounts presented in the QBP for the current period and the period-to-period comparability of such financial data.

The current quarter's Financial Institution Letter (FIL) and related Call Report supplemental instructions can provide additional explanation to the QBP reader beyond any material accounting changes discussed in the QBP analysis.

<https://www.fdic.gov/news/financial-institution-letters/2021/fil21002.html>

<https://www.fdic.gov/regulations/resources/call/call.html>

Further information on changes in financial statement presentation, income recognition and disclosure is available from the FASB. <http://www.fasb.org/jsp/FASB/Page/LandingPage&cid=1175805317350>.

DEFINITIONS (in alphabetical order)

All other assets – total cash, balances due from depository institutions, premises, fixed assets, direct investments in real estate, investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries, customers' liability on acceptances outstanding, assets held in trading accounts, federal funds sold, securities purchased with agreements to resell, fair market value of derivatives, prepaid deposit insurance assessments, and other assets.

All other liabilities – bank's liability on acceptances, limited-life preferred stock, allowance for estimated off-balance-sheet credit losses, fair market value of derivatives, and other liabilities.

Assessment base – effective April 1, 2011, the deposit insurance assessment base changed to "average consolidated total assets minus average tangible equity" with an additional adjustment to the assessment base for banker's banks and custodial banks, as permitted under Dodd-Frank. Previously the assessment base was "assessable deposits" and consisted of deposits in banks' domestic offices with certain adjustments.

Assessment rate schedule – Initial base assessment rates for small institutions are based on a combination of financial ratios and CAMELS component ratings. Initial rates for large institutions—generally those with at least \$10 billion in assets—are also based on CAMELS component ratings and certain financial measures combined into two scorecards—one for most large institutions and another for the remaining very large institutions that are structurally and operationally complex or that pose unique challenges and risks in case of failure (highly complex institutions). The FDIC may take additional information into account to make a limited adjustment to a large institution's scorecard results, which are used to determine a large institution's initial base assessment rate.

While risk categories for small institutions (except new institutions) were eliminated effective July 1, 2016, initial rates for small institutions are subject to minimums and maximums based on an institution's CAMELS composite rating. (Risk categories for large institutions were eliminated in 2011.)

The current assessment rate schedule became effective July 1, 2016. Under the current schedule, initial base assessment rates range from 3 to 30 basis points. An institution's total base assessment rate

may differ from its initial rate due to three possible adjustments: (1) **Unsecured Debt Adjustment:** An institution’s rate may decrease by up to 5 basis points for unsecured debt. The unsecured debt adjustment cannot exceed the lesser of 5 basis points or 50 percent of an institution’s initial base assessment rate (IBAR). Thus, for example, an institution with an IBAR of 3 basis points would have a maximum unsecured debt adjustment of 1.5 basis points and could not have a total base assessment rate lower than 1.5 basis points. (2) **Depository Institution Debt Adjustment:** For institutions that hold long-term unsecured debt issued by another insured depository institution, a 50 basis point charge is applied to the amount of such debt held in excess of 3 percent of an institution’s Tier 1 capital. (3) **Brokered Deposit Adjustment:** Rates for large institutions that are not well capitalized or do not have a composite CAMELS rating of 1 or 2 may increase (not to exceed 10 basis points) if their brokered deposits exceed 10 percent of domestic deposits.

The assessment rate schedule effective July 1, 2016, is shown in the following table:

Total Base Assessment Rates*				
	Established Small Banks CAMELS Composite			Large and Highly Complex Institutions**
	1 or 2	3	4 or 5	
Initial Base Assessment Rate	3 to 16	6 to 30	16 to 30	3 to 30
Unsecured Debt Adjustment	-5 to 0	-5 to 0	-5 to 0	-5 to 0
Brokered Deposit Adjustment	N/A	N/A	N/A	0 to 10
Total Base Assessment Rate	1.5 to 16	3 to 30	11 to 30	1.5 to 40

* All amounts for all categories are in basis points annually. Total base rates that are not the minimum or maximum rate will vary between these rates. Total base assessment rates do not include the depository institution debt adjustment.

** Effective July 1, 2016, large institutions are also subject to temporary assessment surcharges in order to raise the reserve ratio from 1.15 percent to 1.35 percent. The surcharges amount to 4.5 basis points of a large institution’s assessment base (after making certain adjustments).

Each institution is assigned a risk-based rate for a quarterly assessment period near the end of the quarter following the assessment period. Payment is generally due on the 30th day of the last month of the quarter following the assessment period. Supervisory rating changes are effective for assessment purposes as of the examination transmittal date.

Assets securitized and sold – total outstanding principal balance of assets securitized and sold with servicing retained or other seller-provided credit enhancements.

Capital Purchase Program (CPP) – as announced in October 2008 under the TARP, the Treasury Department purchase of noncumulative perpetual preferred stock and related warrants that is treated as Tier 1 capital for regulatory capital purposes is included in “Total equity capital.” Such warrants to purchase common stock or noncumulative preferred stock issued by publicly-traded banks are reflected as well in “Surplus.” Warrants to purchase common stock or noncumulative preferred stock of not-publicly-traded bank stock are classified in a bank’s balance sheet as “Other liabilities.”

Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio – ratio of common equity Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets. Common equity Tier 1 capital includes common stock instruments and related surplus, retained earnings, accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI), and

limited amounts of common equity Tier 1 minority interest, minus applicable regulatory adjustments and deductions. Items that are fully deducted from common equity Tier 1 capital include goodwill, other intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing assets) and certain deferred tax assets; items that are subject to limits in common equity Tier 1 capital include mortgage servicing assets, eligible deferred tax assets, and certain significant investments. Beginning March 2020, this ratio does not include institutions that have a Community Bank Leverage Ratio election in effect at the report date.

Construction and development loans – includes loans for all property types under construction, as well as loans for land acquisition and development.

Core capital – common equity capital plus noncumulative perpetual preferred stock plus minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries, less goodwill and other ineligible intangible assets. The amount of eligible intangibles (including servicing rights) included in core capital is limited in accordance with supervisory capital regulations.

Cost of funding earning assets – total interest expense paid on deposits and other borrowed money as a percentage of average earning assets.

Credit enhancements – techniques whereby a company attempts to reduce the credit risk of its obligations. Credit enhancement may be provided by a third party (external credit enhancement) or by the originator (internal credit enhancement), and more than one type of enhancement may be associated with a given issuance.

Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF) – the Bank (BIF) and Savings Association (SAIF) Insurance Funds were merged in 2006 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Reform Act to form the DIF.

Derivatives notional amount – the notional, or contractual, amounts of derivatives represent the level of involvement in the types of derivatives transactions and are not a quantification of market risk or credit risk. Notional amounts represent the amounts used to calculate contractual cash flows to be exchanged.

Derivatives credit equivalent amount – the fair value of the derivative plus an additional amount for potential future credit exposure based on the notional amount, the remaining maturity and type of the contract.

Derivatives transaction types:

Futures and forward contracts – contracts in which the buyer agrees to purchase and the seller agrees to sell, at a specified future date, a specific quantity of an underlying variable or index at a specified price or yield. These contracts exist for a variety of variables or indices, (traditional agricultural or physical commodities, as well as currencies and interest rates). Futures contracts are standardized and are traded on organized exchanges which set limits on counterparty credit exposure. Forward contracts do not have standardized terms and are traded over the counter.

Option contracts – contracts in which the buyer acquires the right to buy from or sell to another party some specified amount of an underlying variable or index at a stated price (strike price) during a period or on a specified future date, in return for compensation (such as a fee or premium). The seller is obligated to purchase or sell the variable or index at the discretion of the buyer of the contract.

Swaps – obligations between two parties to exchange a series of cash flows at periodic intervals (settlement dates), for a

specified period. The cash flows of a swap are either fixed, or determined for each settlement date by multiplying the quantity (notional principal) of the underlying variable or index by specified reference rates or prices. Except for currency swaps, the notional principal is used to calculate each payment but is not exchanged.

Derivatives underlying risk exposure – the potential exposure characterized by the level of banks’ concentration in particular underlying instruments, in general. Exposure can result from market risk, credit risk, and operational risk, as well as, interest rate risk.

Domestic deposits to total assets – total domestic office deposits as a percent of total assets on a consolidated basis.

Earning assets – all loans and other investments that earn interest or dividend income.

Efficiency ratio – Noninterest expense less amortization of intangible assets as a percent of net interest income plus noninterest income. This ratio measures the proportion of net operating revenues that are absorbed by overhead expenses, so that a lower value indicates greater efficiency.

Estimated insured deposits – in general, insured deposits are total domestic deposits minus estimated uninsured deposits. Beginning March 31, 2008, for institutions that file Call Reports, insured deposits are total assessable deposits minus estimated uninsured deposits. Beginning September 30, 2009, insured deposits include deposits in accounts of \$100,000 to \$250,000 that are covered by a temporary increase in the FDIC’s standard maximum deposit insurance amount (SMDIA). The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act enacted on July 21, 2010, made permanent the standard maximum deposit insurance amount (SMDIA) of \$250,000. Also, the Dodd-Frank Act amended the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to include noninterest-bearing transaction accounts as a new temporary deposit insurance account category. All funds held in noninterest-bearing transaction accounts were fully insured, without limit, from December 31, 2010, through December 31, 2012.

Failed/assisted institutions – an institution fails when regulators take control of the institution, placing the assets and liabilities into a bridge bank, conservatorship, receivership, or another healthy institution. This action may require the FDIC to provide funds to cover losses. An institution is defined as “assisted” when the institution remains open and receives assistance in order to continue operating.

Fair Value – the valuation of various assets and liabilities on the balance sheet—including trading assets and liabilities, available-for-sale securities, loans held for sale, assets and liabilities accounted for under the fair value option, and foreclosed assets—involves the use of fair values. During periods of market stress, the fair values of some financial instruments and nonfinancial assets may decline.

FHLB advances – all borrowings by FDIC-insured institutions from the Federal Home Loan Bank System (FHLB), as reported by Call Report filers, and by TFR filers prior to March 31, 2012.

Goodwill and other intangibles – intangible assets include servicing rights, purchased credit card relationships, and other identifiable intangible assets. Goodwill is the excess of the purchase price over the fair market value of the net assets acquired, less subsequent impairment adjustments. Other intangible assets are recorded at fair value, less subsequent quarterly amortization and impairment adjustments.

Loans secured by real estate – includes home equity loans, junior liens secured by 1-4 family residential properties, and all other loans secured by real estate.

Loans to individuals – includes outstanding credit card balances and other secured and unsecured consumer loans.

Long-term assets (5+ years) – loans and debt securities with remaining maturities or repricing intervals of over five years.

Maximum credit exposure – the maximum contractual credit exposure remaining under recourse arrangements and other seller-provided credit enhancements provided by the reporting bank to securitizations.

Mortgage-backed securities – certificates of participation in pools of residential mortgages and collateralized mortgage obligations issued or guaranteed by government-sponsored or private enterprises. Also, see “Securities,” below.

Net charge-offs – total loans and leases charged off (removed from balance sheet because of uncollectability), less amounts recovered on loans and leases previously charged off.

Net interest margin – the difference between interest and dividends earned on interest-bearing assets and interest paid to depositors and other creditors, expressed as a percentage of average earning assets. No adjustments are made for interest income that is tax exempt.

Net loans to total assets – loans and lease financing receivables, net of unearned income, allowance and reserves, as a percent of total assets on a consolidated basis.

Net operating income – income excluding discretionary transactions such as gains (or losses) on the sale of investment securities and extraordinary items. Income taxes subtracted from operating income have been adjusted to exclude the portion applicable to securities gains (or losses).

Noncurrent assets – the sum of loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets that are 90 days or more past due, or in nonaccrual status.

Noncurrent loans & leases – the sum of loans and leases 90 days or more past due, and loans and leases in nonaccrual status.

Number of institutions reporting – the number of institutions that actually filed a financial report.

New reporters – insured institutions filing quarterly financial reports for the first time.

Other borrowed funds – federal funds purchased, securities sold with agreements to repurchase, demand notes issued to the U.S. Treasury, FHLB advances, other borrowed money, mortgage indebtedness, obligations under capitalized leases and trading liabilities, less revaluation losses on assets held in trading accounts.

Other real estate owned – primarily foreclosed property. Direct and indirect investments in real estate ventures are excluded. The amount is reflected net of valuation allowances. For institutions that filed a *Thrift Financial Report* (TFR), the valuation allowance subtracted also includes allowances for other repossessed assets. Also, for TFR filers the components of other real estate owned are reported gross of valuation allowances. (TFR filers began filing Call Reports effective with the quarter ending March 31, 2012.)

Percent of institutions with earnings gains – the percent of institutions that increased their net income (or decreased their losses) compared to the same period a year earlier.

“Problem” institutions – federal regulators assign a composite rating to each financial institution, based upon an evaluation of financial and operational criteria. The rating is based on a scale of 1 to 5 in ascending order of supervisory concern. “Problem” institutions are those institutions with financial, operational, or managerial weaknesses that threaten their continued financial viability. Depending upon the degree of risk and supervisory concern, they are rated either a “4” or “5.” The number and assets of “problem” institutions are based on FDIC composite ratings. Prior to March 31, 2008, for institutions whose primary federal regulator was the OTS, the OTS composite rating was used.

Recourse – an arrangement in which a bank retains, in form or in substance, any credit risk directly or indirectly associated with an asset it has sold (in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles) that exceeds a pro rata share of the bank’s claim on the asset. If a bank has no claim on an asset it has sold, then the retention of any credit risk is recourse.

Reserves for losses – the allowance for loan and lease losses on a consolidated basis.

Restructured loans and leases – loan and lease financing receivables with terms restructured from the original contract. Excludes restructured loans and leases that are not in compliance with the modified terms.

Retained earnings – net income less cash dividends on common and preferred stock for the reporting period.

Return on assets – bank net income (including gains or losses on securities and extraordinary items) as a percentage of average total (consolidated) assets. The basic yardstick of bank profitability.

Return on equity – bank net income (including gains or losses on securities and extraordinary items) as a percentage of average total equity capital.

Risk-weighted assets – assets adjusted for risk-based capital definitions which include on-balance-sheet as well as off-balance-sheet items multiplied by risk-weights that range from zero to 200 percent. A conversion factor is used to assign a balance sheet equivalent amount for selected off-balance-sheet accounts.

Securities – excludes securities held in trading accounts. Banks’ securities portfolios consist of securities designated as “held-to-maturity” (reported at amortized cost (book value)), securities designated as “available-for-sale” (reported at fair (market) value), and equity securities with readily determinable fair values not held for trading.

Securities gains (losses) – realized gains (losses) on held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities, before adjustments for income taxes. *Thrift Financial Report* (TFR) filers also include gains (losses) on the sales of assets held for sale. (TFR filers began filing Call Reports effective with the quarter ending March 31, 2012.)

Seller’s interest in institution’s own securitizations – the reporting bank’s ownership interest in loans and other assets that have been securitized, except an interest that is a form of recourse or other seller-provided credit enhancement. Seller’s interests differ from the securities issued to investors by the securitization structure. The principal amount of a seller’s interest is generally equal to the total principal amount of the pool of assets included in the securitization structure less the principal amount of those

assets attributable to investors, i.e., in the form of securities issued to investors.

Small Business Lending Fund – The Small Business Lending Fund (SBLF) was enacted into law in September 2010 as part of the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010 to encourage lending to small businesses by providing capital to qualified community institutions with assets of less than \$10 billion. The SBLF Program is administered by the U.S. Treasury Department (<https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/small-business-programs/small-business-lending-fund>).

Under the SBLF Program, the Treasury Department purchased noncumulative perpetual preferred stock from qualifying depository institutions and holding companies (other than Subchapter S and mutual institutions). When this stock has been issued by a depository institution, it is reported as “Perpetual preferred stock and related surplus.” For regulatory capital purposes, this noncumulative perpetual preferred stock qualifies as a component of Tier 1 capital. Qualifying Subchapter S corporations and mutual institutions issue unsecured subordinated debentures to the Treasury Department through the SBLF. Depository institutions that issued these debentures report them as “Subordinated notes and debentures.” For regulatory capital purposes, the debentures are eligible for inclusion in an institution’s Tier 2 capital in accordance with their primary federal regulator’s capital standards. To participate in the SBLF Program, an institution with outstanding securities issued to the Treasury Department under the Capital Purchase Program (CPP) was required to refinance or repay in full the CPP securities at the time of the SBLF funding. Any outstanding warrants that an institution issued to the Treasury Department under the CPP remain outstanding after the refinancing of the CPP stock through the SBLF Program unless the institution chooses to repurchase them.

Subchapter S corporation – a Subchapter S corporation is treated as a pass-through entity, similar to a partnership, for federal income tax purposes. It is generally not subject to any federal income taxes at the corporate level. This can have the effect of reducing institutions’ reported taxes and increasing their after-tax earnings.

Trust assets – market value, or other reasonably available value of fiduciary and related assets, to include marketable securities, and other financial and physical assets. Common physical assets held in fiduciary accounts include real estate, equipment, collectibles, and household goods. Such fiduciary assets are not included in the assets of the financial institution.

Unearned income and contra accounts – unearned income for *Call Report* filers only.

Unused loan commitments – includes credit card lines, home equity lines, commitments to make loans for construction, loans secured by commercial real estate, and unused commitments to originate or purchase loans. (Excluded are commitments after June 2003 for originated mortgage loans held for sale, which are accounted for as derivatives on the balance sheet.)

Yield on earning assets – total interest, dividend, and fee income earned on loans and investments as a percentage of average earning assets.